



| Please write clearly in block capitals. | | | | | | |
|---|------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Centre number | Candidate number | | | | | |
| Surname | | | | | | |
| Forename(s) | | | | | | |
| Candidate signature | | | | | | |

GCSE MATHEMATICS



Higher Tier

Paper 1 Non-Calculator

Tuesday 21 May 2019

Morning

Time allowed: 1 hour 30 minutes

Materials

For this paper you must have:

mathematical instruments

You must **not** use a calculator.

Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Draw diagrams in pencil.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer all questions.
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Do not write outside the box around each page or on blank pages.
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.

Information

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 80.
- You may ask for more answer paper, graph paper and tracing paper. These must be tagged securely to this answer book.

Advice

In all calculations, show clearly how you work out your answer.



| For Examiner's Use | | |
|--------------------|------|--|
| Pages | Mark | |
| 2–3 | | |
| 4–5 | | |
| 6–7 | | |
| 8–9 | | |
| 10–11 | | |
| 12–13 | | |
| 14–15 | | |
| 16–17 | | |
| 18–19 | | |
| 20–21 | | |
| 22–23 | | |
| TOTAL | | |



How the Past Papers work

Every past paper question has a corresponding webpage that has the mark scheme and worked solutions for that particular question. There are also helpful links to content for the concepts used to answer the question, quizzes that you can use to try some of the concepts and similar past paper questions. An example of a webpage for a question is given below:

| ••• | Q15: Answers – P | aper 1 Novem 🗙 | + | | |
|---------------------------|------------------|----------------|--|--------------------------|-------|
| ← → C | 🕯 elevise.co. | uk/ap15a.html | | | ☆ 🚮 : |
| Construction Control Con- | Answer | | r 2018 Paper 1 Home er 1 – November 201 | 18 | |
| Content: | | | Quizzes: | Other Past Papers: | |
| Scale Factors - Part 1 | | rt 1 | Scale Factors | Question 1 | |
| Scale Factors – Part 2 | | rt 2 | Combining Ratios | Question 2 | |
| Combining Ratios Que | | | Question 3 | | |
| Mark Sc | heme | | | | |
| 15 | 3 : 10 | D1 | is to find ratio of lengths $A:B = \sqrt{4}:\sqrt{25}$ (= 2:5 or | $\frac{2}{\pi}$ or 2, 5) | |

How to get to the webpage

Every past paper question has a QR code next to it, such as:

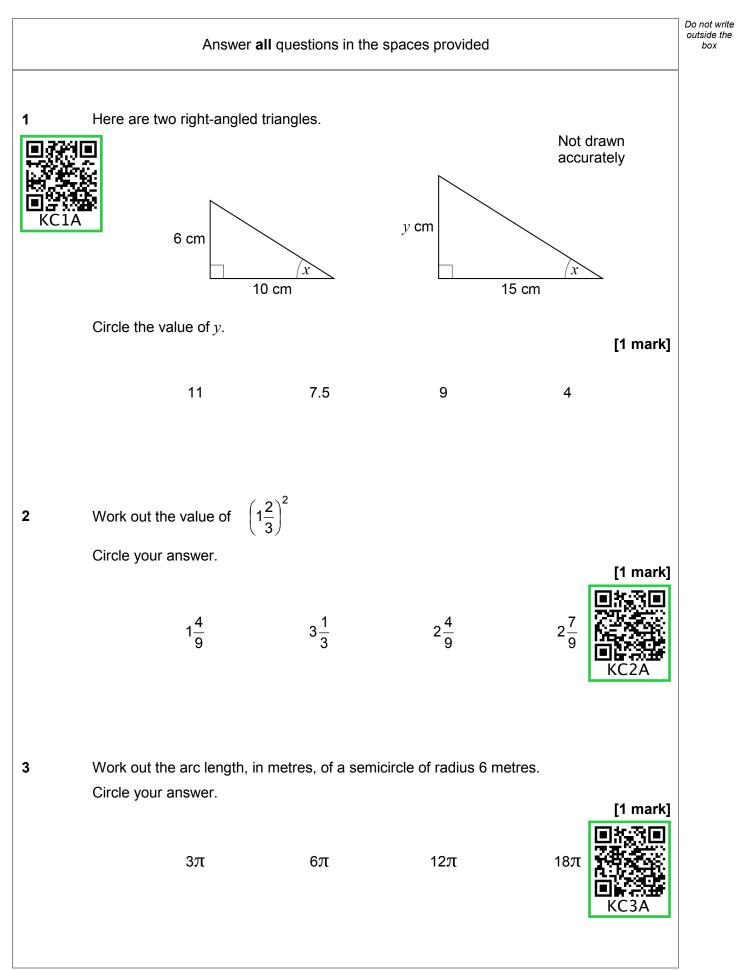
| 15 Three solid shapes A, B and C are similar. | |
|---|-------|
| The surface area of shape A is 4 cm^2 The surface area of shape B is 25 cm^2 | |
| The ratio of the volume of shape ${f B}$ to the volume of shape ${f C}$ is 27:64 | AP15A |
| Work out the ratio of the height of shape A to the height of shape C . Give your answer in its simplest form. | |
| | |

You can get to the corresponding webpage in 3 different ways:

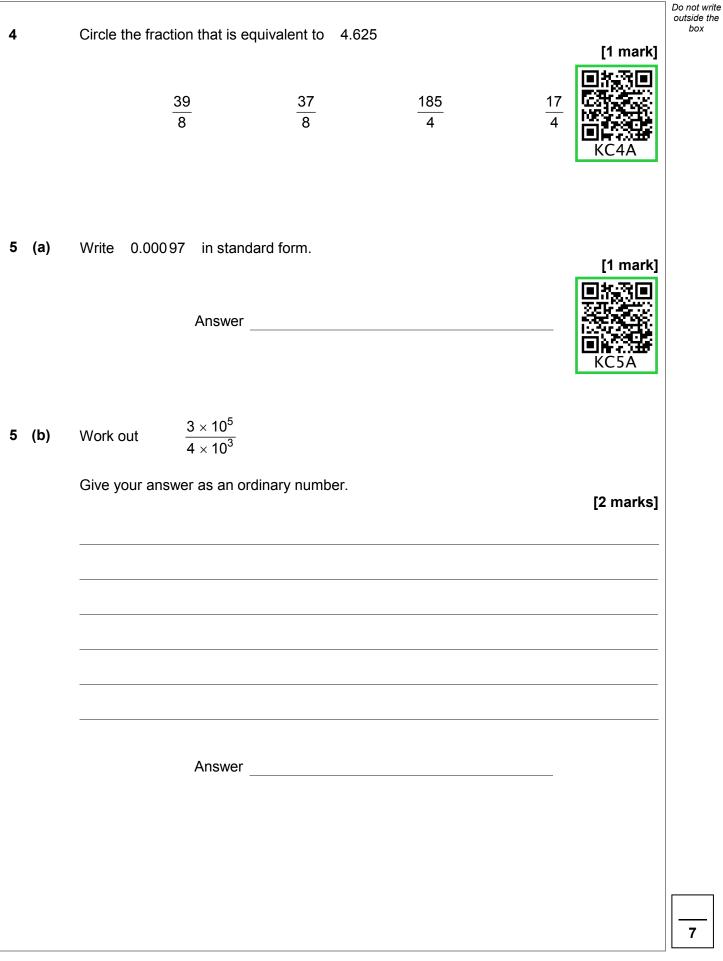
- 1) Scanning the QR code with the camera on a smart phone or tablet.
- 2) Typing the code that is underneath the QR code at the end of www.elevise.co.uk/. For this question, the code is AP15A, so you would type www.elevise.co.uk/AP15A into the address bar to obtain the webpage. If you would like to see the question rather than the answers, you change the A at the end of the code to a Q; you would type www.elevise.co.uk/AP15Q
- 3) Clicking on the QR code if you are viewing the past paper as a PDF or on a web browser.

www.elevise.co.uk

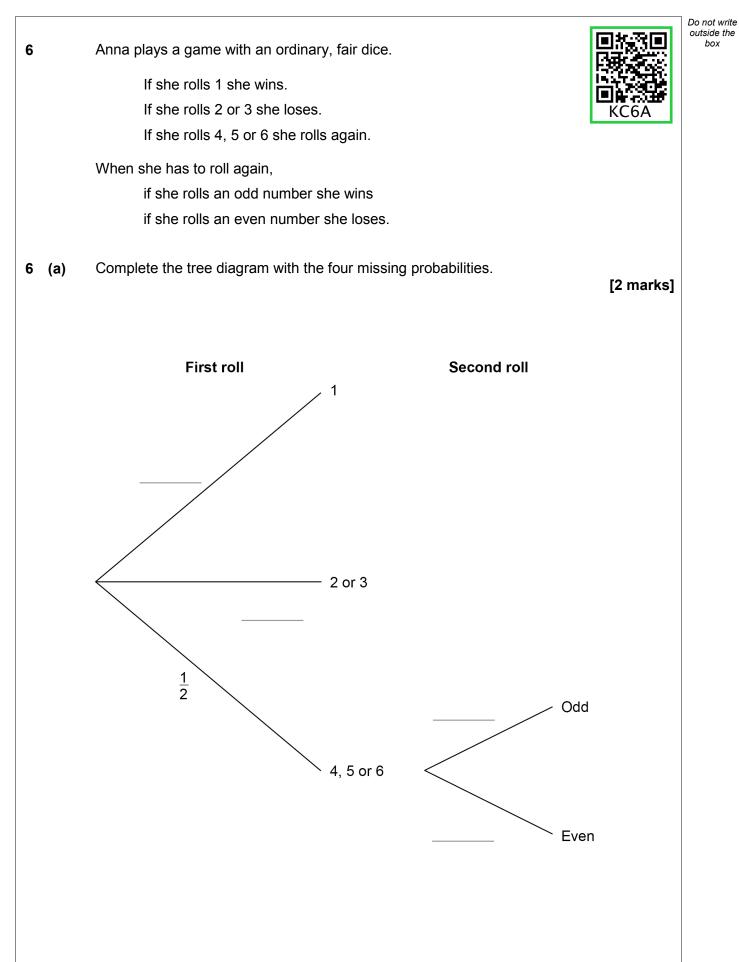














5

| 6 | (b) | Is Anna more likely to win or to lose? | Do not write outside the box |
|---|-----|--|------------------------------------|
| | | You must work out the probability that she wins. [4 marks] | |
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| | | Turn over for the next question | |
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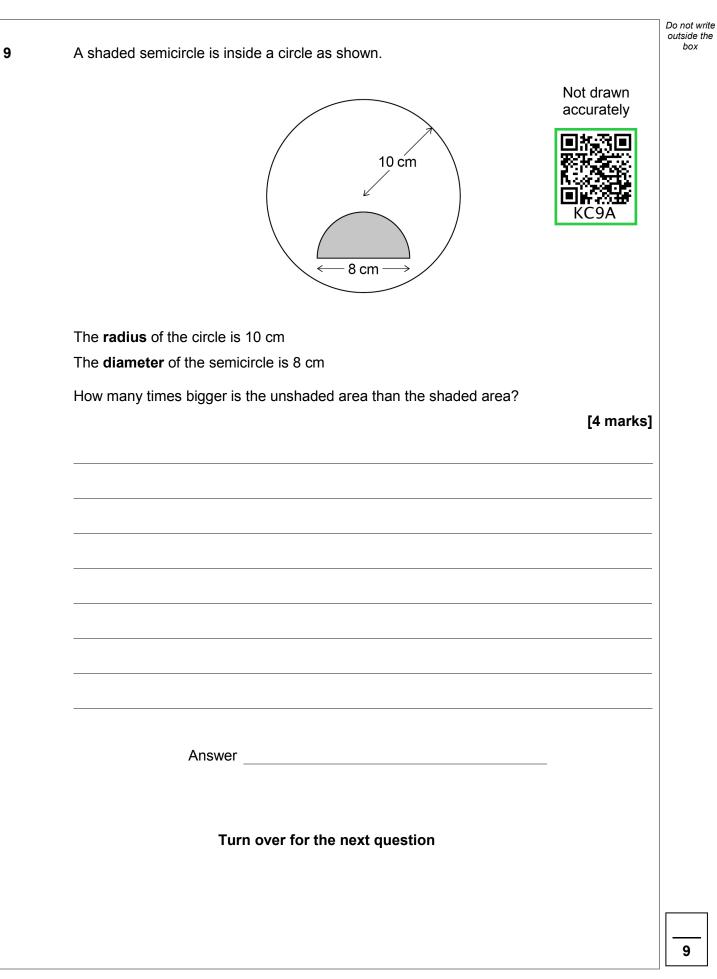
Turn over ►

| Three friends arriv | | - | | | | |
|----------------------|------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------|-------|-------------|
| Their arrival increa | ases the r | number of | people at | the party by | / 20% | |
| In total, how many | people a | are now a | t the party? | , | | |
| | | | | | | [2 ma |
| | | | | | | _ _% |
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| | | (j ¹² , j ⁵ | $5 \cdot (2^2 \cdot 2)$ | | | |
| Work out the value | e of | $(3^{12} \div 3^5)$ | $(3^2 \times 3)$ | | | [3 ma |
| Work out the value | e of | (3 ¹² ÷ 3 ⁵ |) ÷ (3 ² × 3 | | | [3 ma |
| Work out the value | e of | (3 ¹² ÷ 3 ⁵ |) ÷ (3 ² × 3 | | | [3 ma |
| Work out the value | e of | (3 ¹² ÷ 3 ⁵ |) ÷ (3 ² × 3 | | | [3 ma |
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| Work out the value | | (3 ¹² ÷ 3 ⁵ |) ÷ (3 ² × 3 | | | [3 ma |
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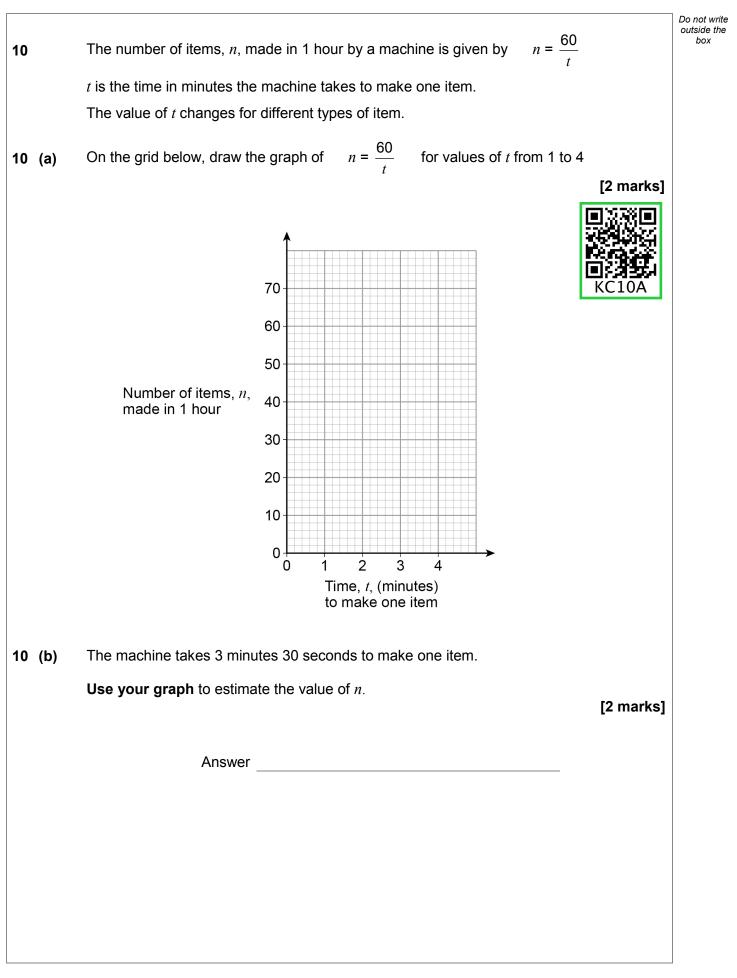


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Do not write outside the box





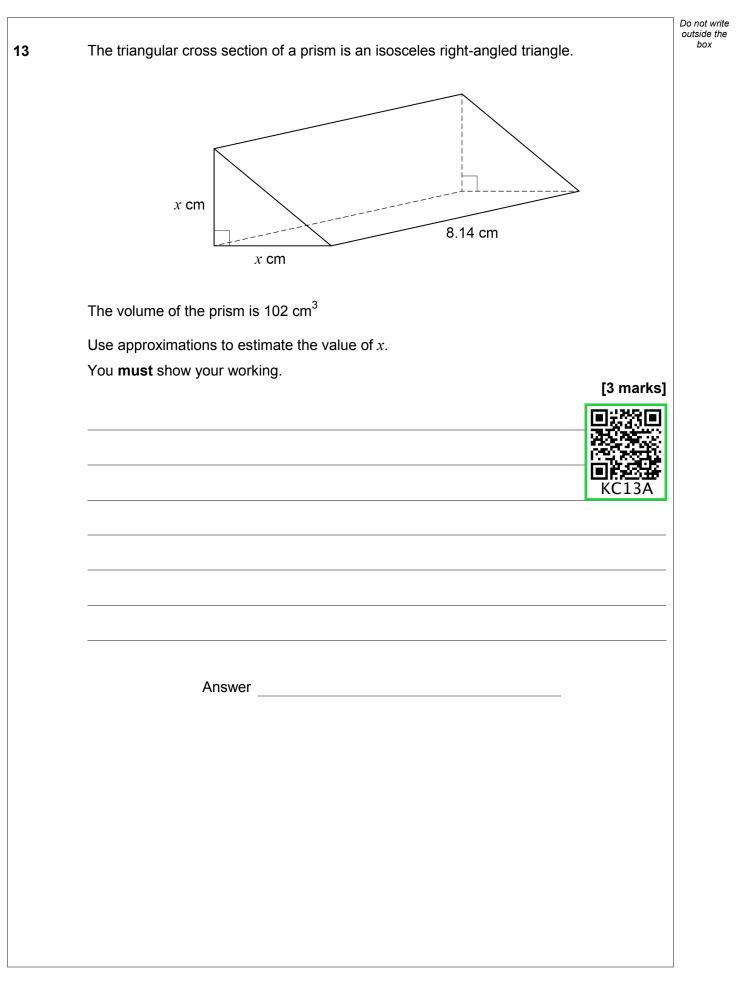




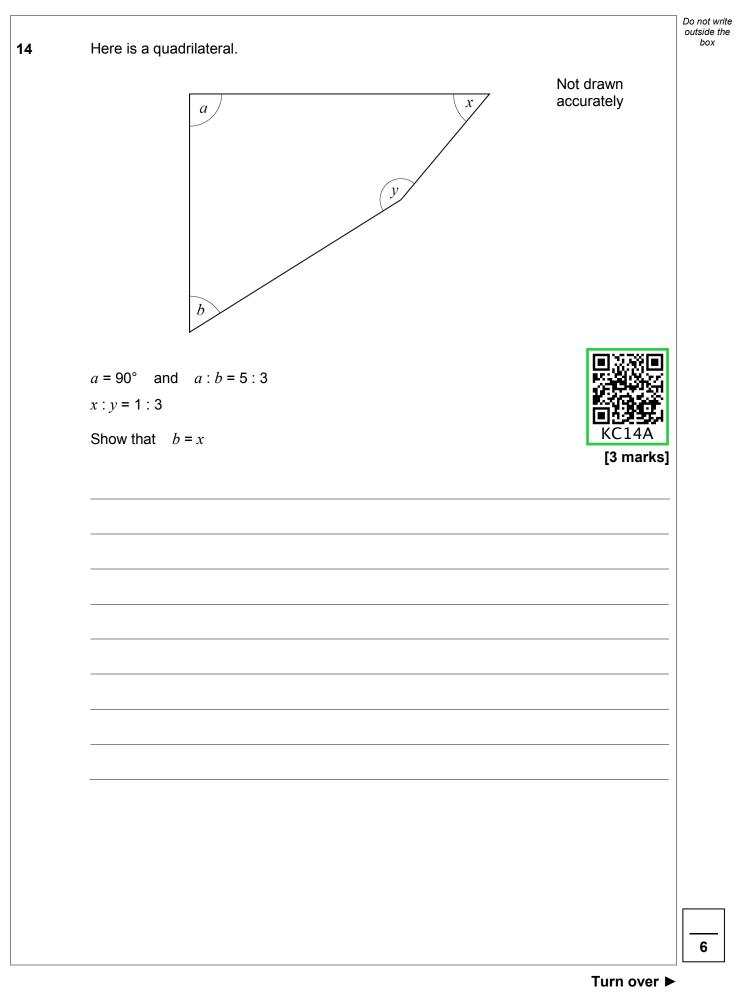
8

| | | | Do no |
|---|---|--------------|------------|
| 1 | Ed and Fay shared £330 in the ratio $7:4$ | | outsi b |
| - | Ed gives Fay some of his money. | | |
| | Fay now has the same amount as Ed. | | |
| | How much does Ed give Fay? | | |
| | | [3 marks] | |
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| | | KC11A | |
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| | Answer £ | | |
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| | The next term of a sequence is made by adding the previous two terms. | | |
| | Which of these sequences follows this rule? | | |
| | Circle your answer. | KC12A | |
| | | [1 mark] | |
| | | | |
| | -9 2 -7 -5 -12 -3 5 -2 3 1 | | |
| | -9 2 -7 -5 -12 -3 5 -2 3 1 | | |
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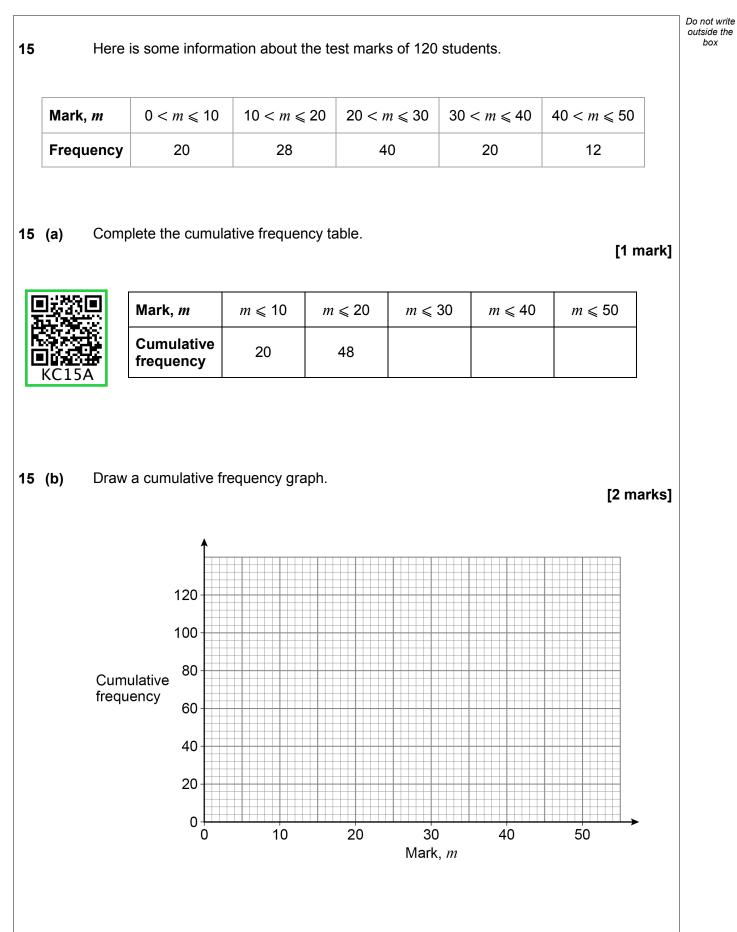














box

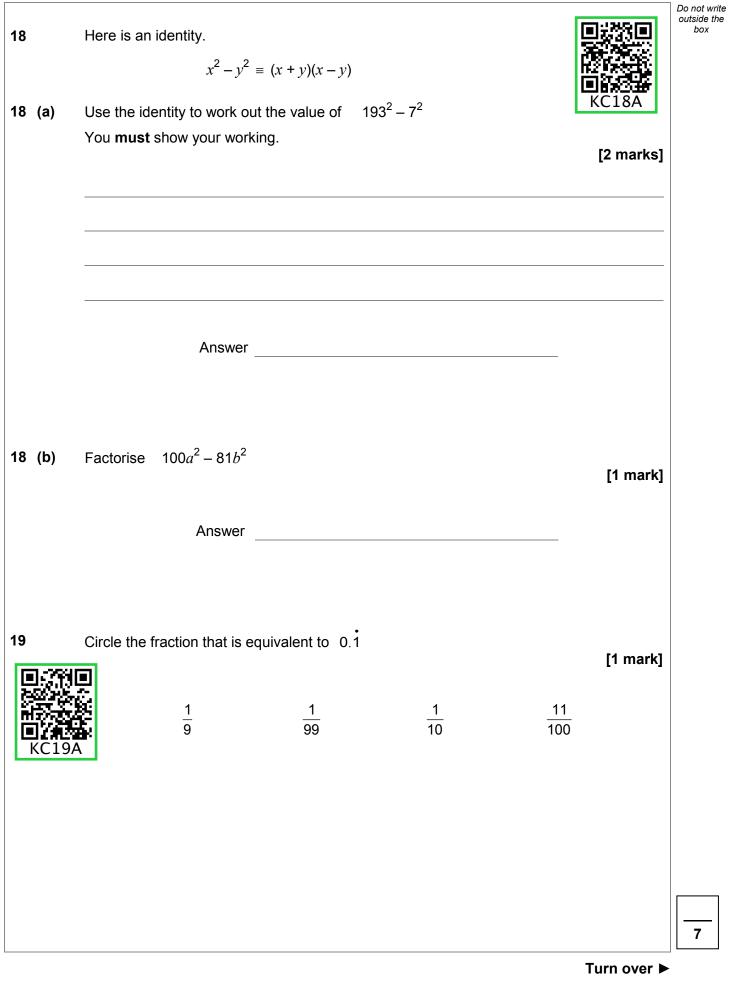
| 15 (c) | Students who scored 15 marks or fewer take another test. Use your graph to estimate how many students take another test. | [2 marks] | Do not write outside the box |
|--------|---|-----------|------------------------------------|
| 16 | Simplify fully $\frac{4x-8x^2}{12x-6}$ | [3 marks] | |
| | Answer Turn over for the next question | | |
| | | | 8 |



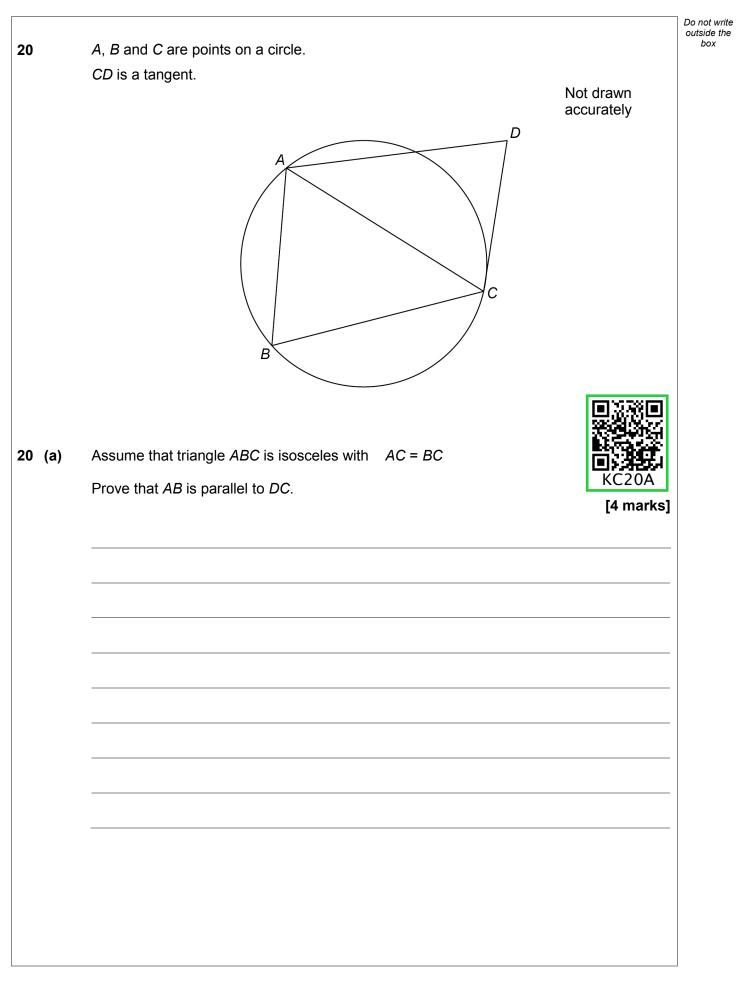
| 17 | | Toby is forming and solving equations. | |
|----|-----|--|-----------|
| 17 | (a) | The product of half of a number and three more than the number is the same as the square of the number | |
| | | Toby uses <i>y</i> to represent the number. | |
| | | Write an equation that Toby could form. | [2 marks] |
| | | | |
| | | Answer | KC17A |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| 17 | (b) | Toby forms another equation. $x = \frac{9}{8x}$ | |
| | | He wants to work out the values of <i>x</i> . | |
| | | Here is his working. | |
| | | $x = \frac{9}{8x}$ | |
| | | $8x^2 = 9$ | |
| | | 8x = 3 or $8x = -3$ | |
| | | $x = \frac{3}{8}$ or $x = -\frac{3}{8}$ | |
| | | What error has he made in his working? | [1 mark] |
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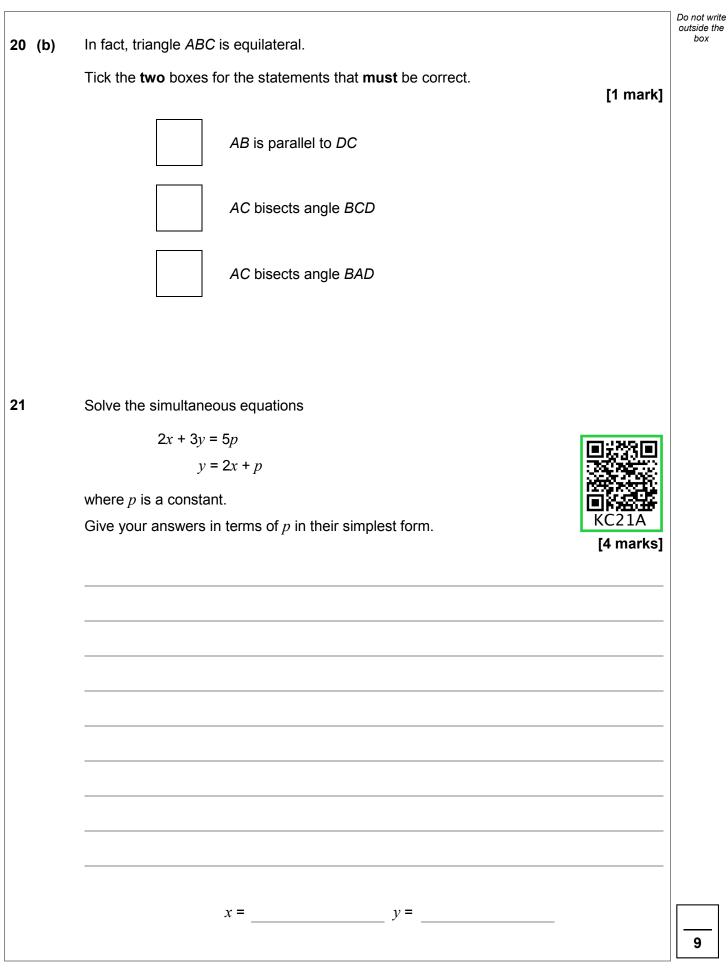
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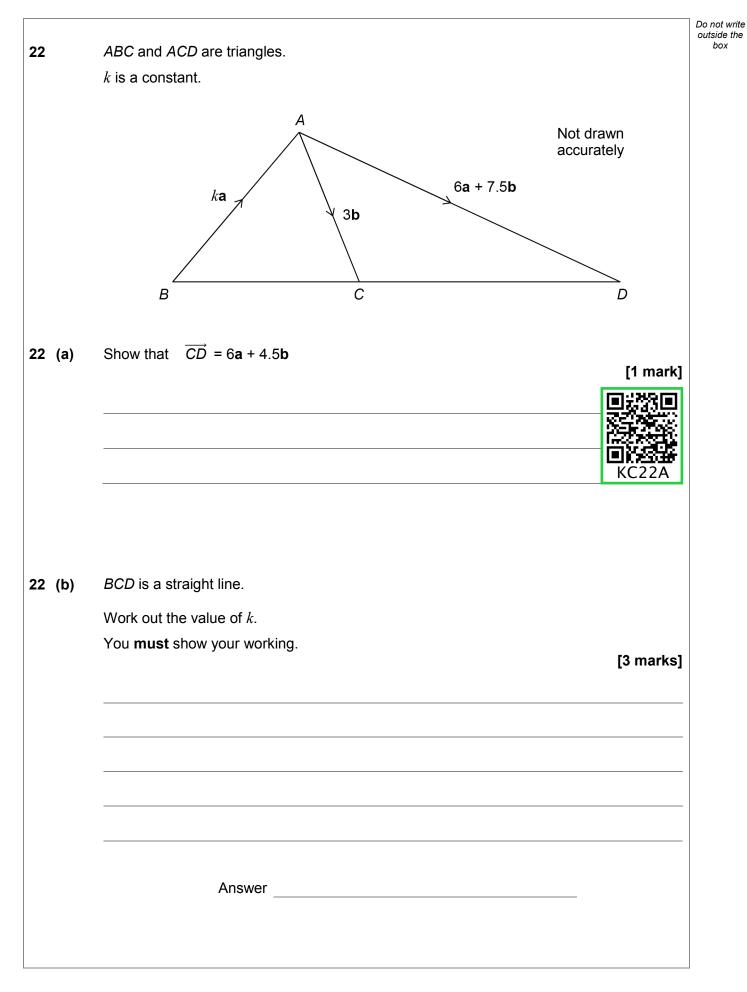




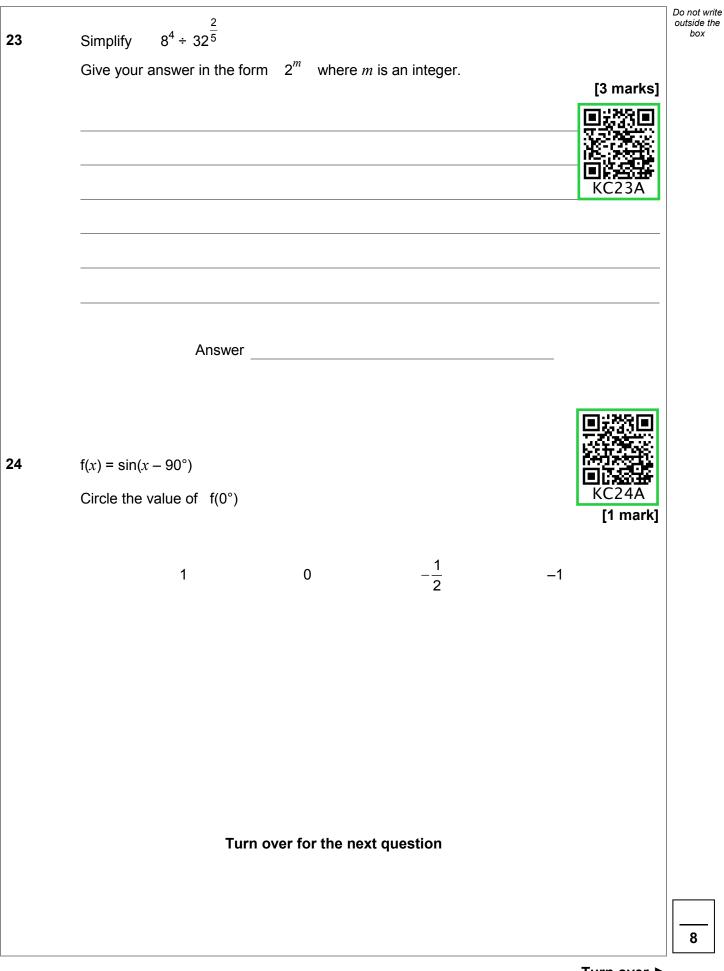




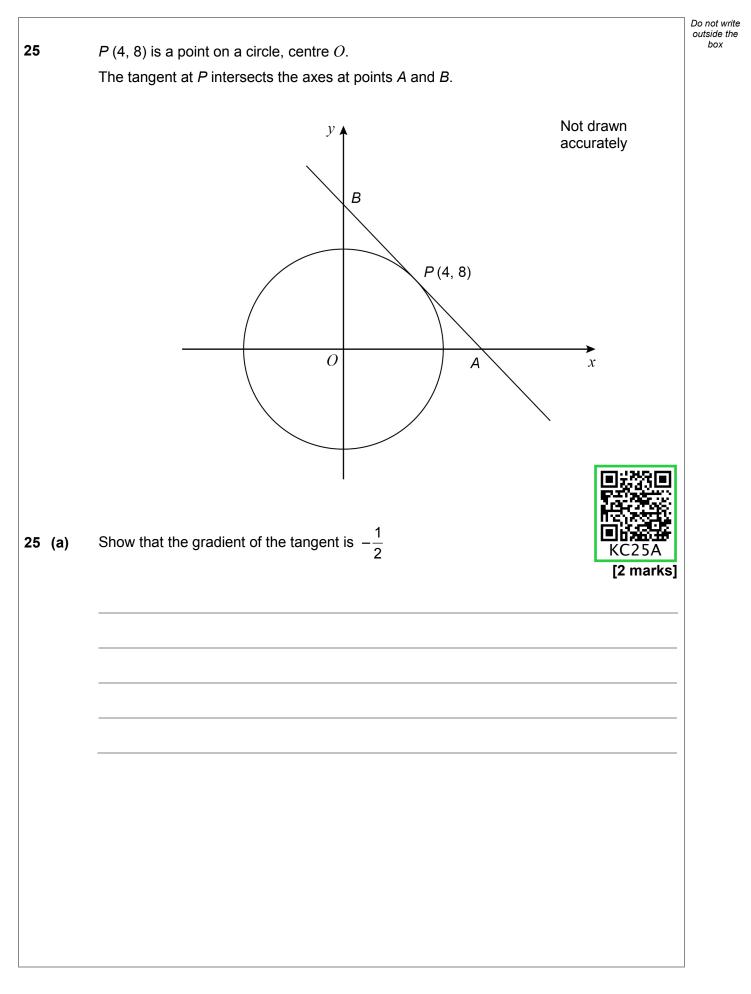














| | | | Do not write outside the box |
|----|-----|--|------------------------------------|
| 25 | (b) | Work out the length AB . | |
| | | Give your answer in the form $a\sqrt{5}$ where <i>a</i> is an integer. You must show your working. | |
| | | [4 marks] | |
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| 26 | The turning point of the graph $y = (x + a)^2 + b$ has x-coordinate -2 | Do not write outside the box |
|----|--|------------------------------------|
| | (3, 1) is another point on the graph. | |
| | Work out the <i>y</i> -coordinate of the turning point. [3 marks] | |
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| 27 | Angle x is acute. $\cos x = \sin 60^{\circ} \times \tan 30^{\circ}$ Work out the size of angle x . You must show your working. | KC27A [3 marks] | Do not write outside the box |
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| | | | |
| | Answer degrees | | |
| | END OF QUESTIONS | | 6 |

