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Please write clearly in	n block capitals.	
Centre number	Candidate number	
Surname		
Forename(s)		
Candidate signature	I declare this is my own work.	,

## GCSE COMBINED SCIENCE: TRILOGY

Higher Tier Biology Paper 1H

### Time allowed: 1 hour 15 minutes

#### Materials

For this paper you must have:

- a ruler
- a scientific calculator.

#### Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen.
- Pencil should only be used for drawing.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer all questions in the spaces provided.
- If you need extra space for your answer(s), use the lined pages at the end of this book. Write the question number against your answer(s).
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.
- In all calculations, show clearly how you work out your answer.

#### Information

- The maximum mark for this paper is 70.
- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- You are expected to use a calculator where appropriate.
- You are reminded of the need for good English and clear presentation in your answers.

For Examiner's Use	
Question	Mark
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
TOTAL	







A student investigated the effect of light intensity on the rate of photosynthesis. **Figure 1** shows the apparatus.







		Do not write	
	This is the method used.	outsiae the box	
	1. Set up the apparatus as shown in <b>Figure 1</b> .		
	2. Place the pondweed 10 cm away from the lamp.		
	3. Switch on the lamp.		
	4. Record the number of bubbles of gas produced in 5 minutes.		
	5. Repeat steps 2 to 4 with the pondweed at different distances from the lamp.		
0 1.2	What was the independent variable in this investigation?		
	[1 mark] Tick (✓) one box.		
	Distance of the pondweed from the lamp		
	Length of the piece of pondweed		
	Number of bubbles of gas produced		
	Time taken to collect the gas		
	Question 1 continues on the next page		
		i.	



	The lamp gets warm when it is on. This causes the temperature of the water to increase.	Do not write outside the box
0 1.3	Explain how an increase in temperature would affect the results of this investigation. [2 marks]	
01.4	Suggest <b>one</b> way the investigation could be improved so the temperature of the water does <b>not</b> increase. [1 mark]	
0 1.5	Suggest <b>two</b> improvements to the investigation so the results would be more valid. Do <b>not</b> refer to controlling the temperature of the water. [2 marks]	
	1 2	







	Table 1	shows the results.		
		Table 1		
		Distance of pondweed from the lamp in cm	Number of bubbles of gas produced in 5 minutes	
		10	120	
		20	56	
		30	31	
		40	16	
		50	10	
	Give the	e rate of photosynthesis as the num	ber of bubbles of gas produced per minu [1 ma	
		Rate =	bubbles of gas produced per minu	
0 1.7	Give on	<b>e</b> conclusion that can be made fror	n <b>Table 1</b> . [1 ma	







0 2	Describe how to test a sample of food for protein, starch and sugar.		Do not write outside the box
	Give the colours that would be seen if the food sample contained protein, starch and sugar.		
		[6 marks]	
			6







0 3	Fermentation in yeast is used in the manufacture of bread and alcoholic drinks.	Do not write outside the box
	The equation for fermentation is: glucose $\rightarrow$ ethanol + carbon dioxide	
03.1	Fermentation is an exothermic reaction. What does exothermic mean? [1 mark]	
	A student investigated the effect of temperature on fermentation in yeast. Figure 3 shows the apparatus.	
	Figure 3	



2. Pour a layer of	of oil over the surface	of the mixture.

1. Mix yeast with sugar solution in a flask.

3. Put the flask in a water bath at 2 °C and leave for 20 minutes.

4. Attach a gas syringe.

This is the method used.

5. Record the volume of gas collected every 5 minutes for 30 minutes.

11

6. After 30 minutes move the flask to a water bath at 35  $^\circ\text{C}.$ 

7. Continue to record the volume of gas collected every 5 minutes.

**0 3 2** Suggest why a layer of oil was needed on the surface of the mixture.

[1 mark]

Do not write outside the

box

**3** Suggest why the mixture was left for 20 minutes before the gas syringe was attached. **[1 mark]** 

Question 3 continues on the next page

0 3

Steps 1 to 4 of the method were repeated at 35 °C.

The volume of gas collected was recorded every 5 minutes for 45 minutes.

**Table 2** shows the results for both flasks for the first 30 minutes.

Table 3 shows the results for the last 15 minutes, when both flasks were at 35 °C.

Timo in minutoo	Volume of gas collected in cm <sup>3</sup>		
Time in minutes	Flask at 2 °C	Flask at 35 °C	
0	0	0	
5	0	26	
10	0	52	
15	0	78	
20	0	98	
25	0	108	
30	0	115	

Table 2

Table 3

	Volume of gas collected in cm <sup>3</sup>		
Time in minutes	Flask at 2 °C moved to 35 °C	Flask kept at 35 °C	
35	2	120	
40	7	123	
45	22	124	



0 3.4	Explain the results from 0 minutes to 45 minutes for the flask that was at 2 $^\circ$ then moved to 35 $^\circ\text{C}.$	C and was	Do not write outside the box
	Use Table 2 and Table 3.	[3 marks]	
03.5	Explain the results from 0 minutes to 45 minutes for the flask kept at 35 °C. Use <b>Table 2</b> and <b>Table 3</b> .	[4 marks]	
	Turn over for the next question		







0 4	<b>0 4</b> Pathogens are microorganisms that cause diseases.			
	Gonorrhoea, malaria and me	asles are three diseases in humans.		
04.1	Draw <b>one</b> line from each disease to the pathogen that causes the disease. [3 marks]			
	Disease	Pathogen		
		Bacterium		
	Gonorrhoea			
		Fungus		
	Malaria			
		Protist		
	Measles			
		Virus		
Question 4 continues on the next page				



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04.4	How many times longer is the fungal spore than the virus? Use Figure 4. [3 marks]	Do not write outside the box
	Number of times longer =	
04.5	Explain why plants infected with tobacco mosaic virus grow slowly. [3 marks]	
		12
	Turn over for the next question	









#### Question 5 continues on the next page

Turn over ►

box

		Do not write
	Every year thousands of people in the UK have heart attacks.	outside the box
	A heart attack is caused when the heart muscle cells do <b>not</b> get enough oxygen, causing the cells to die.	
	Stating and stants are two treatments used to reduce the rick of someone having a	
0 5 . 4	heart attack.	
	Evaluate the use of statins compared with the use of a stent to reduce the risk of a heart attack.	
	[6 marks]	
		]







	Scientists have developed patches of beating heart cells to repair damaged heart tissue. The patches are placed onto areas of the heart where cells have died. New cells grow to replace the dead cells. The patches are made using a person's own cells that are converted into stem cells.	Do not write outside the box
0 5.6	Explain why stem cells are used to make the patches. [2 marks]	
0 5.7	The scientists could have used human embryonic stem cells to make the patches.	
	Give <b>two</b> advantages of using stem cells made from the person's own cells, rather than using embryonic stem cells. [2 marks] 1 2	
		17



06	This question is about plant transport systems.	Do not write outside the box
06.1	Describe how water is transported from the soil to the atmosphere through a plant. [4 marks]	
	Dissolved sugars are moved through a plant in phloem tissue.	
	What is the name of the process that moves dissolved sugars through phloem tissue? [1 mark]	
	Question 6 continues on the next page	







064	What does the structure of the companion cells suggest about the process that moves	Do not write outside the box
	dissolved sugars through the phloem tissue?	
	Give a reason for your answer.	
	Use Figure 6.	
	[=	
0 6.5	Describe why it is important that dissolved sugars are moved both upwards <b>and</b>	
	downwards in a plant. [3 marks]	
		12
	END OF QUESTIONS	







Question number	Additional page, if required. Write the question numbers in the left-hand margin.



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