

| Please write clearly in | າ block capitals. |
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| Centre number | Candidate number |
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| Candidate signature | I declare this is my own work. |

GCSE BIOLOGY

H

Higher Tier Paper 2H

Monday 1 June 2020 Afternoon Time allowed: 1 hour 45 minutes

Materials

For this paper you must have:

- a ruler
- a scientific calculator.

Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen.
- Pencil should only be used for drawing.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer all questions in the spaces provided.
- If you need extra space for your answer(s), use the lined pages at the end of this book. Write the question number against your answer(s).
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.
- In all calculations, show clearly how you work out your answer.

Information

- The maximum mark for this paper is 100.
- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- You are expected to use a calculator where appropriate.
- You are reminded of the need for good English and clear presentation in your answers.

| For Examiner's Use | | |
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| Question | Mark | |
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| | Answer all questions in the spaces provided. | |
|-------|---|----------|
| 0 1 | This question is about the decay of milk. | |
| 0 1.1 | Name two types of microorganism that cause decay. | 2 marks] |
| | 1 | |
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| 0 1.2 | Cows' milk is pH 6.6. | |
| | As milk decays, lipids in the milk are broken down. | |
| | One of the products of the breakdown of lipids causes the pH of milk to decre | ase. |
| | Name the product that causes the pH to decrease. | [1 mark] |
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| A student investigated the effect of temperature on the time taken for di | ifferent types of |
|---|-------------------|
| milk to decay. | • • |

This is the method used.

- 1. Put cows' milk in six test tubes.
- 2. Keep each test tube at a different temperature.
- 3. Measure the pH of the milk in each tube every day for 12 days.
- 4. Record the number of days taken to reach pH 5.
- 5. Repeat steps 1 to 4 with goats' milk and with almond milk.

| 0 1.3 | Give one way the pH can be measured. | 1 mark] |
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| 0 1.4 | Give two control variables the student should have used in this investigation. [2 | marks] |
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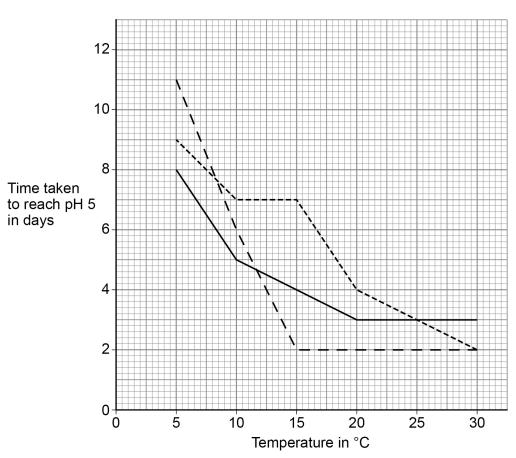
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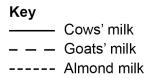


The student improved the investigation to produce valid results.

Figure 1 shows the results.







0 1. 5 Which type of milk stays fresh the longest at 10 °C?

[1 mark]



| 0 1.6 | Describe the effect of temperature on the time taken for goats' milk to reach pH 5. |
|-------|--|
| | Use data from Figure 1 in your answer. [2 marks] |
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| 0 1.7 | The time taken for cows' milk to reach pH 5 at 10 °C is less than the time taken for cows' milk to reach pH 5 at 5 °C. |
| | Suggest one reason why. [1 mark] |
| | [1 mark] |
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| 0 1.8 | Suggest two reasons why the different types of milk took different lengths of time to |
| | reach pH 5. [2 marks] |
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| 0 1 . 9 | The student said: | | Do not write outside the box |
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| | 'The temperature milk is stored at affects how likely the milk is to cause food poisoning.' | | |
| | | [1 mark] | |
| | Tick (✓) one box. | | |
| | Determine the types of bacteria present in the milk | | |
| | Record the pH every 12 hours | | |
| | Use more than three different types of milk | | 13 |
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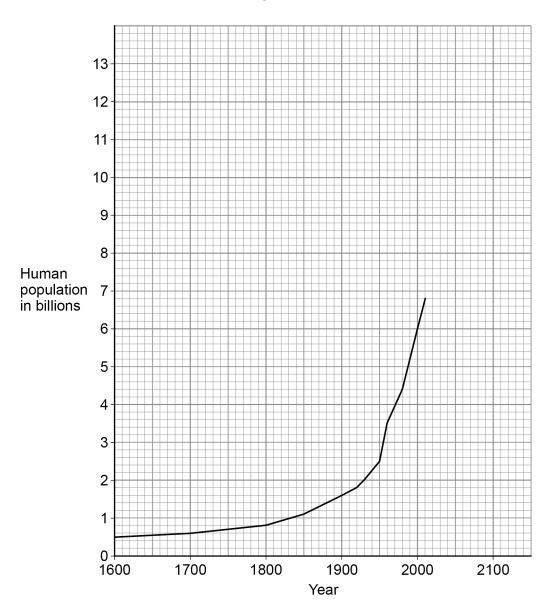
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0 2 Figure 2 shows the human population from 1600 to 2010.





In 1900 the human population was 1.6 billion.

| 0 2 . 1 | Calculate how many times greater the human population was in the year 2000 compared with the year 1900. |
|---------|---|
| | [2 marks] |
| | |
| | |
| | Number of times greater = |



| 0 2 . 2 | In 1950 the human population was 2.5 billion. | |
|---------|---|------------------------|
| | Calculate the mean annual increase in the human population between 1900 and 1950. | |
| | | [2 marks] |
| | | |
| | Mean annual increase = | billion per year |
| 0 2.3 | Predict the human population in 2050 if the current rate of population continues. | increase |
| | You should draw an extrapolation line on Figure 2 . | [2 marks] |
| | | |
| | | |
| | Predicted human population = | |
| 0 2.4 | The increasing human population has caused a decline in fish stocks. | |
| | Describe how fishing quotas can help to return fish stocks to a sustain | nable level. [2 marks] |
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| | Question 2 continues on the next page | |



| 0 2 . 5 | Farming techniques have changed in recent years. | |
|---------|---|-----------|
| | Describe: | |
| | why more land is being used for farming | |
| | how increased farming has decreased biodiversity. | |
| | | [6 marks] |
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| 0 2 . 6 | Genetic modification of crop plants can help meet the demands of the increasing human population. | outsid bo |
|---------|---|--------------|
| | Golden rice is a genetically modified (GM) crop. | |
| | What is the advantage of golden rice compared with non-GM rice? | |
| | Tick (✓) one box. [1 mark] | |
| | Golden rice contains protein-rich mycoprotein | |
| | Golden rice has improved nutritional value | |
| | Golden rice produces human insulin | |
| | | |
| 0 2.7 | Suggest one reason why some people are concerned about the use of golden rice. [1 mark] | |
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| 0 3 | This question is about plant hormones. | |
|-------|--|----------|
| 0 3.1 | Farmers can spray seeds with gibberellins to start germination. What are two other uses of gibberellins? Tick (✓) two boxes. | 2 marks] |
| | To help in tissue culture | |
| | To help roots form | |
| | To increase fruit size | |
| | To kill weeds | |
| | To promote flower production | |
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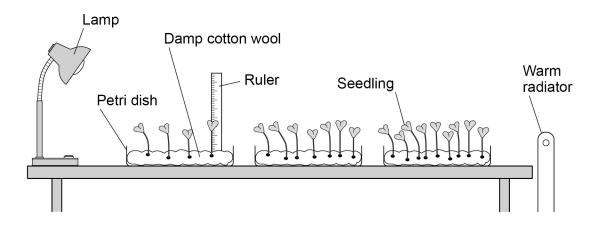


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Students investigated the effect of light intensity on the height of seedlings.

Figure 3 shows the equipment.

Figure 3

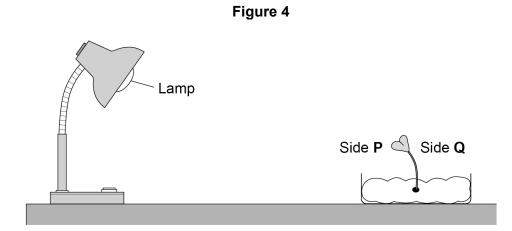


| 0 3.2 | Describe two improvements the students should make to their investigation. | [2 marks] |
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Question 3 continues on the next page



Figure 4 shows a seedling growing towards a lamp.



| 0 3 . 3 | Suggest how the students measured the length of the curved seedling in Figure 4. |
|---------|--|
| | [1 mark] |
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| 0 3.4 | Explain what happened to the growth of the seedling on side Q compared with the growth on side P . | | | |
|---------|--|---|--|--|
| | [3 marks] | | | |
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| 0 3 . 5 | Bananas are often stored separately from other fruits because bananas release a plant hormone. | | | |
| | Why does storing bananas with other fruits cause the other fruits to ripen faster? [1 mark] | | | |
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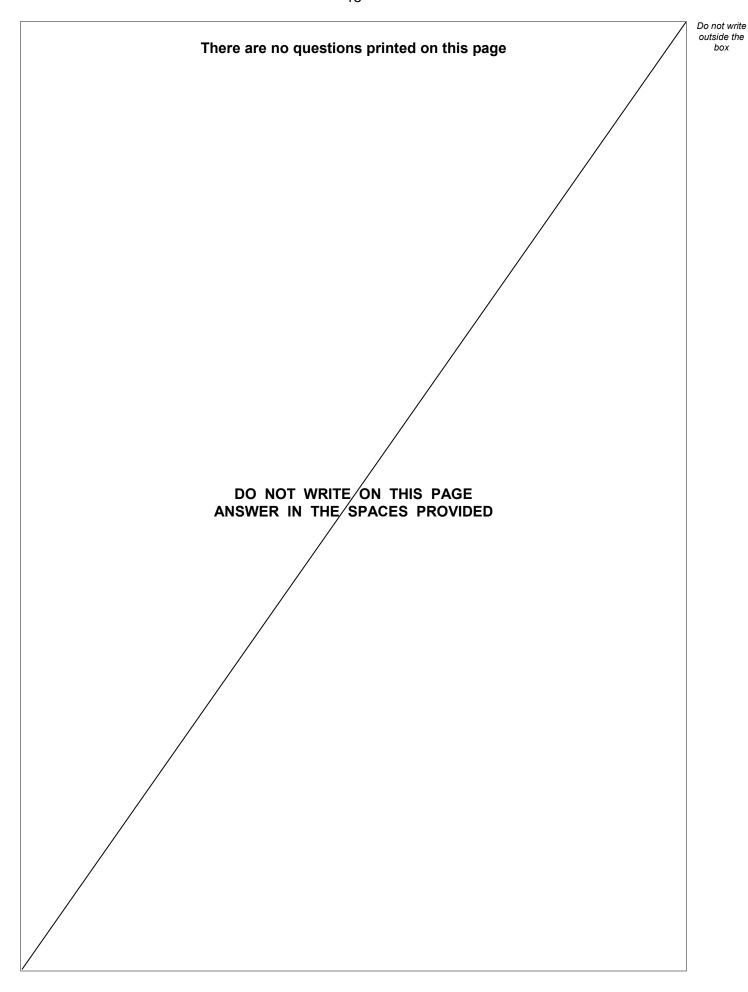


| 0 4 | DNA is a polymer of nucleotides. | |
|-------|---|-----------|
| 0 4.1 | Why is DNA described as a polymer? | [1 mark] |
| | | |
| | | |
| | Figure 5 shows part of a DNA molecule. | |
| | Figure 5 | |
| | Nucleotide 0.34 nm | |
| | | |
| | | |
| 0 4.2 | Describe the structure of a nucleotide. | [4 marks] |
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| 3 | The length of a DNA double helix increases by 0.34 nm for every pair of nuc | eleotides. |
|-----|--|------------|
| | The total number of nucleotides in a human body cell is 1.2×10^{10} . | |
| | Calculate the total length of double helix in a human body cell. | |
| | Give your answer in metres. Use information from Figure 5 . | [5 marks] |
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| | Total length = | m |
| 4.4 | Some parts of DNA do not code for proteins. | |
| | Describe how non-coding parts of DNA can affect the expression of genes. | [1 mark] |
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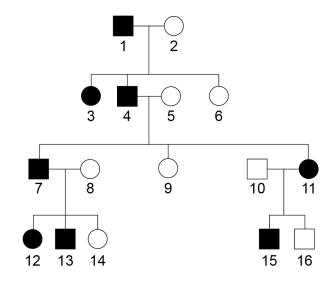
| 0 5 | There are two types of cell division: mitosis and meiosis. | |
|-------|---|-----------|
| 0 5.1 | Describe three differences between the processes of mitosis and meiosis. | [3 marks] |
| | 2 | |
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| 0 5.2 | Describe one similarity between the processes of mitosis and meiosis. | [1 mark] |
| | Question 5 continues on the next page | |
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Dupuytren's is a disorder that affects the hands.

Figure 6 shows the inheritance of Dupuytren's in one family.

Figure 6



| Key | | |
|------------------------------|--|--|
| Male with Dupuytren's | | |
| Female with Dupuytren's | | |
| Male without Dupuytren's | | |
| ◯ Female without Dupuytren's | | |

Dupuytren's is caused by a dominant allele in this family.

D = dominant allele

d = recessive allele

| 0 | 5 | . 3 | Give the genotype of person 1 | ١. |
|---|---|-----|-------------------------------|----|
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Explain your answer.

[2 marks]

| Genotype | | |
|----------|--|--|
| - | | |



| | 21 | |
|---------|---|---------------------|
| 0 5 . 4 | Person 7 and person 8 in Figure 6 are expecting a fourth child. | |
| | What is the probability of the child having Dupuytren's? | |
| | You should: | |
| | draw a Punnett square diagramidentify which offspring have Dupuytren's | [5 marks] |
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| | Deck obility - | |
| | Probability = | |
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| 0 5 . 5 | Explain how Figure 6 shows the allele for Dupuytren's is not on the Y chrom | osome. [2 marks] |
| | | [Z IIIdIKS] |
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Figure 7 shows the brain.

Figure 7

Which part of the brain becomes more active if a person balances on one leg instead of standing on two legs?

[1 mark]

| Tick (✓) one b | OOX. | | |
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| Α | В | С | D |
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Name the part of the brain that is responsible for making a decision.

[1 mark]

0 6 .

| 0 6 . 3 | In most MRI scanners the person being scanned needs to stay completely still. |
|---------|--|
| | A functional MRI (fMRI) scanner allows a person to move while the scanner makes images of the person's brain activity. |
| | Suggest how the fMRI scanner could help to find out more about the brain damage a person has. |
| | [3 marks] |
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| 0 6.4 | Describe how the brain receives information about light entering the eye. |
| | You should include the names of structures in your answer. [3 marks] |
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| 0 6 . 5 | The eyes of some birds contain cells that detect ultraviolet (UV) light. | outsi b |
|---------|--|------------|
| | UV light is reflected by some fruits and the urine of small mammals. | |
| | Explain how birds that detect UV light have evolved from birds that could not detect UV light. | |
| | [6 marks] | |
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| 0 7 | A new dog food has been developed that does not contain meat from cows, sheep or chickens. |
|-------|--|
| | The new dog food contains insects. |
| | The insects in the dog food factory are fed on waste vegetables. |
| 0 7.1 | Sketch the pyramid of biomass for the food chain that produces food for dogs from insects. |
| | Label the pyramid. [2 marks] |
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| 0 7.2 | Describe two reasons why the biomass of the insects eaten by dogs does not all become biomass of the dogs. |
| | [2 marks] |
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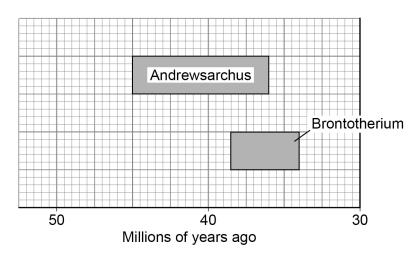


| 0 7.3 | Explain how making dog food from insects could improve human food security in the future. | Do out |
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| | [4 marks] | |
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0 8 Figure 8 shows when two mammals existed in Asia.

Figure 8



| 0 8 . 1 | Determine the number of years both Andrewsarchus and Brontotherium existed |
|---------|--|
| | together. |

| [2 | marks | |
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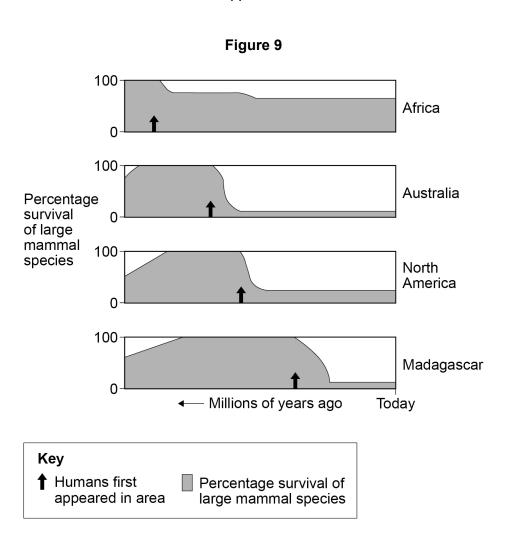


| 0 8.2 | The oldest fossils of human ancestors found in this area are 700 000 years old. | |
|-------|--|----------------|
| | Andrewsarchus was a carnivore and Brontotherium was a herbivore. | |
| | Suggest how the extinction of Andrewsarchus could have resulted in the extinct of Brontotherium. | tion marks] |
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| 0 8.3 | Information about extinct animals is often not clear because the fossil record is incomplete. | |
| | Give three reasons why the fossil record is not clear for older species. | marks] |
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Figure 9 shows the percentage (%) survival of large mammal species in four areas of the world.

The time at which humans first appeared in each of the four areas is also shown.





| | A mass extinction is a rapid decrease in biodiversity on Earth. | |
|-------|---|-----|
| 0 8.4 | A student stated: | |
| | 'The data in Figure 9 shows that humans caused mass extinctions.' | |
| | Evaluate the student's statement. [6 mark | rel |
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| 0 8 . 5 | Give one disadvantage and one advantage of mass extinction events. | | outside th |
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| | Answer in terms of evolution. | [2 marks] | |
| | Disadvantage | | |
| | Advantage | | 16 |
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END OF QUESTIONS



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