

Please write clearly ir	ו block capitals.	
Centre number	Candidate number	
Surname		
Forename(s)		
Candidate signature	I declare this is my own work.	

GCSE COMBINED SCIENCE: TRILOGY

Higher Tier Physics Paper 2H

Time allowed: 1 hour 15 minutes

Materials

For this paper you must have:

- a protractor
- a ruler
- a scientific calculator
- the Physics Equations Sheet (enclosed).

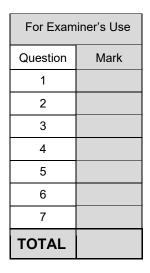
Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen.
- Pencil should only be used for drawing.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer all questions in the spaces provided.
- If you need extra space for your answer(s), use the lined pages at the end of this book. Write the question number against your answer(s).
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.
- In all calculations, show clearly how you work out your answer.

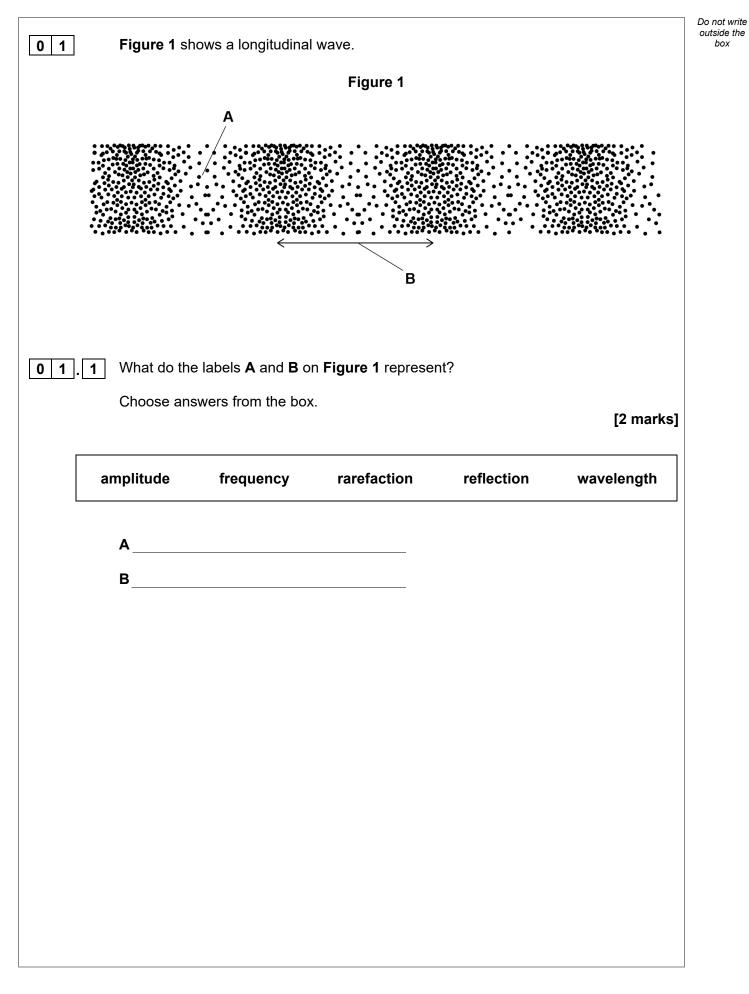
Information

- The maximum mark for this paper is 70.
- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- You are expected to use a calculator where appropriate.
- You are reminded of the need for good English and clear presentation in your answers.











0 1.2	The wave shown in Figure 1 has a frequency of 4.0 kHz	Do not write outside the box
	Calculate the period of the wave.	
	Use the Physics Equations Sheet.	
	Give the unit. [4 marks]	
	Period = Unit	
	Question 1 continues on the next page	
	Turn over ►	



Do not write outside the Sound waves are longitudinal. box Figure 2 shows how the speed of sound varies with the temperature of the air. Figure 2 360 355 350 Speed in metres per second 345 340 335 330 325 Ò 20 30 40 50 10 Temperature in °C



	Use the Physics Equations Sheet to answer questions 01.3 and 01.4 .	Do not write outside the box
01.3	Write down the equation that links frequency (<i>f</i>), wavelength (λ) and wave speed (<i>v</i>). [1 mark]	
0 1.4	A sound wave with a frequency of 300 Hz travels through the air. The air has a temperature of 28.0 °C	
	Determine the wavelength of the sound wave. Use Figure 2 .	
	[4 marks]	
	Wavelength =m	11
	Turn over for the next question	



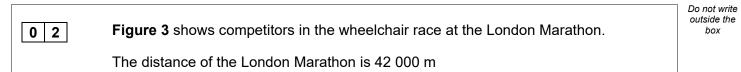


Figure 3

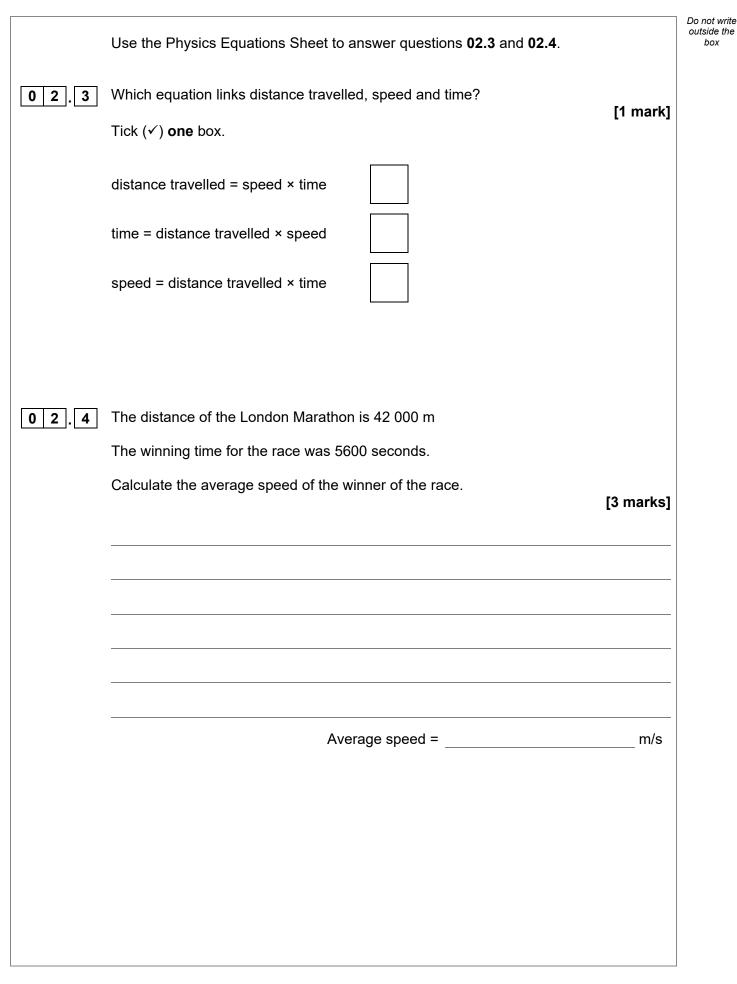




	Use the Physics Equations Sheet to answer questions 02.1 and 02.2 .	Do not write outside the box
02.1	Write down the equation that links distance (s) , force (F) and work done (W) . [1 mark]	
0 2 . 2	During the race competitors work against air resistance. The work done against air resistance by the winner of the race was 3 360 000 J	
	Calculate the average air resistance acting on the winner of the race. [3 marks]	
	Average air resistance =N	
	Question 2 continues on the next page	

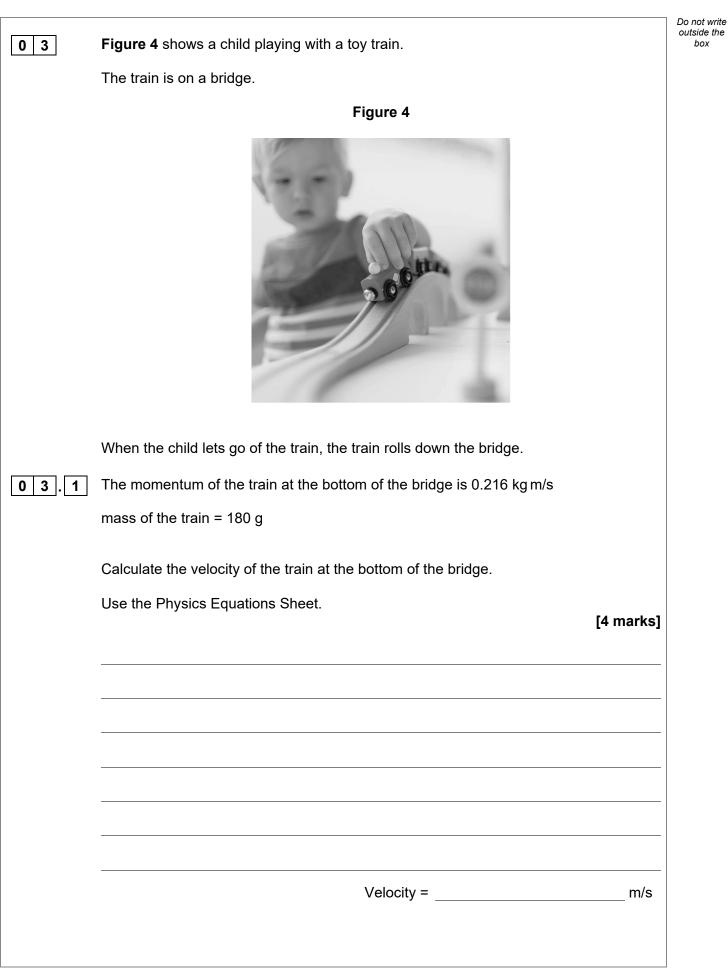


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02.5	Explain why the speed of a competitor changes during the race.	[4 marks]	Do not write outside the box
			12
	Turn over for the next question		
0 9		Turn over ► IB/M/Jun22/8464/P/2H	



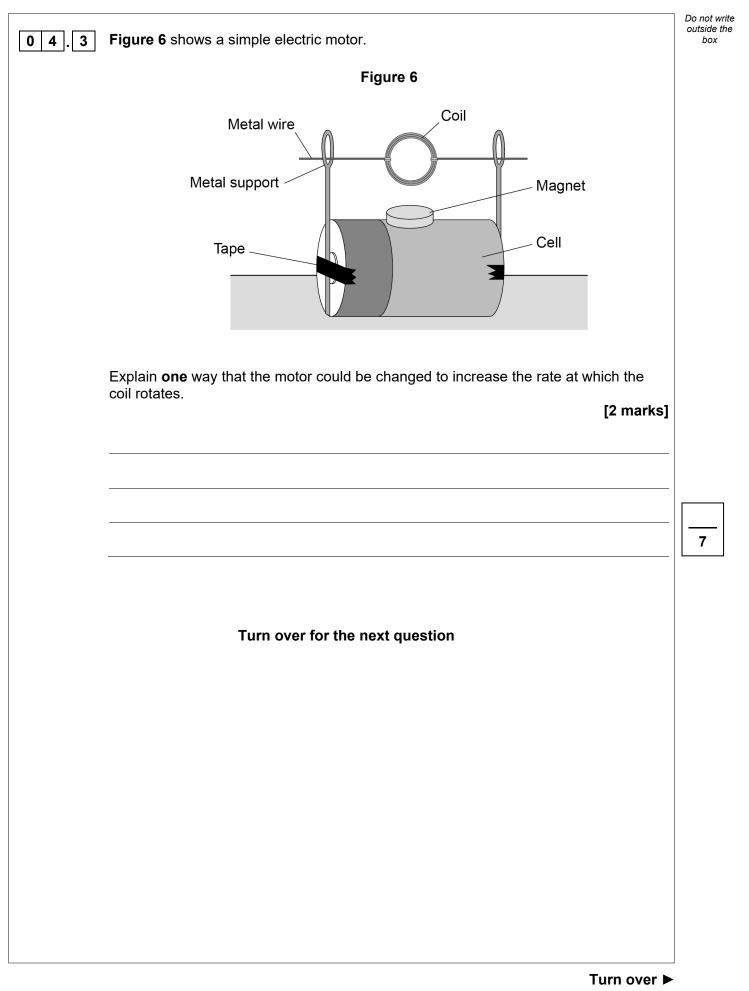


0 3.2	The train collides with a stationary carriage on the track.	outside the box
	Explain why the velocity of the train after the collision is less than it was before the collision.	
	Use ideas about momentum in your answer. [4 marks]	
		8
	Turn over for the next question	
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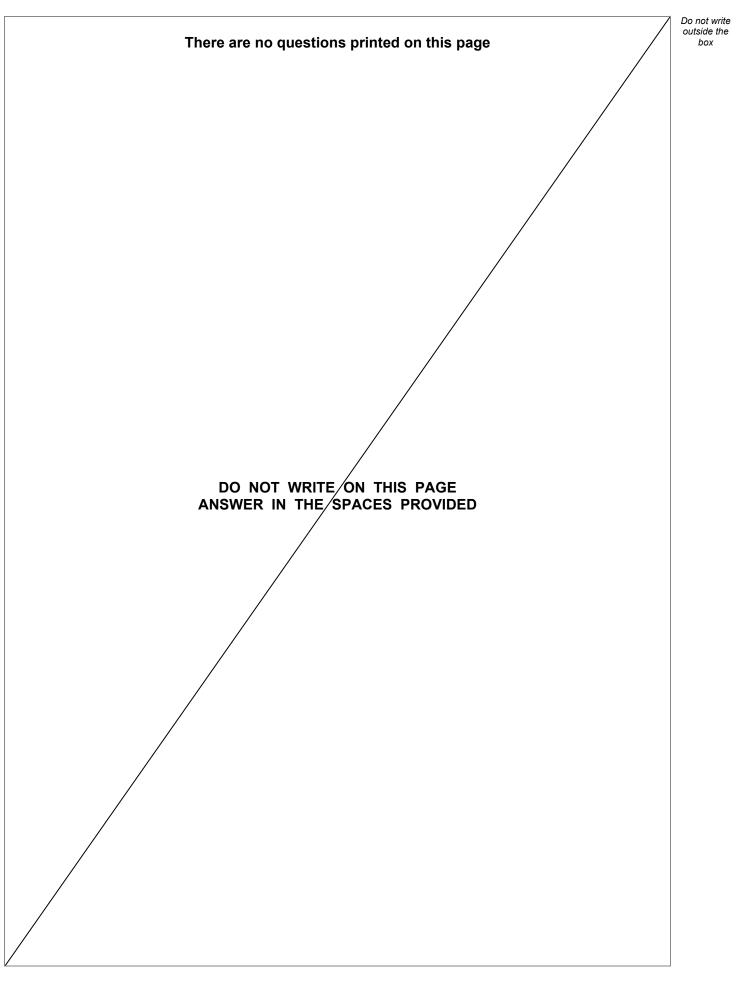
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0 4	A teacher demonstrated the motor effect.	Do not write outside the box
	Figure 5 shows the equipment used.	
	Figure 5	
	Current-carrying wire	
	N N S Magnets	
04.1	Explain why there is a force on the wire when there is a current in the wire. [2 marks]	
04.2	Explain how the direction of the force on the wire can be predicted. [3 marks]	

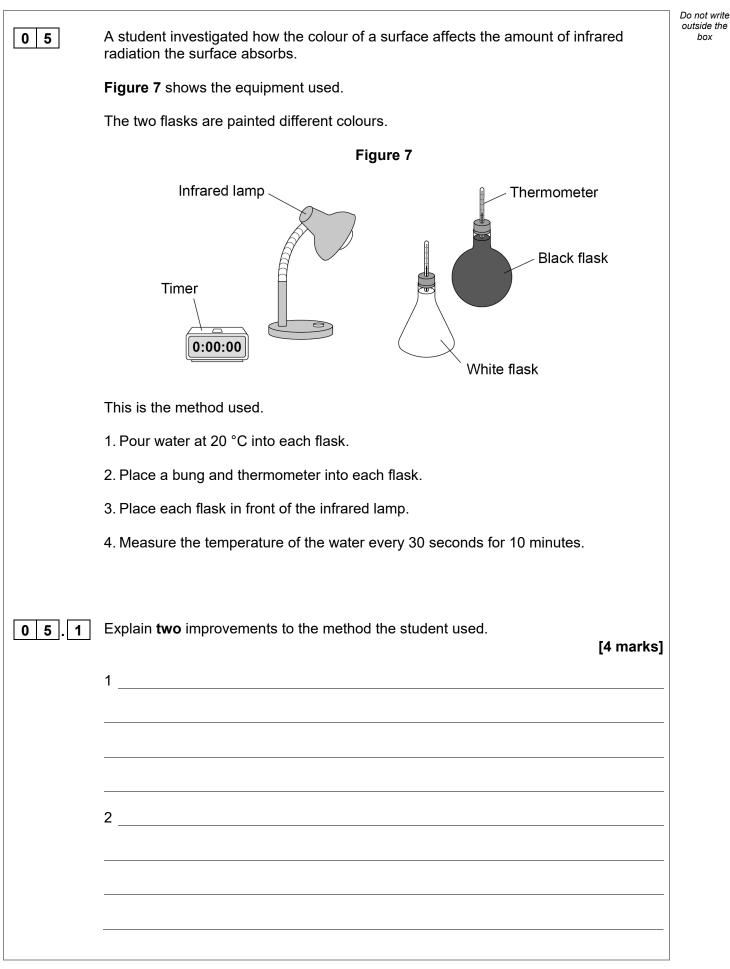






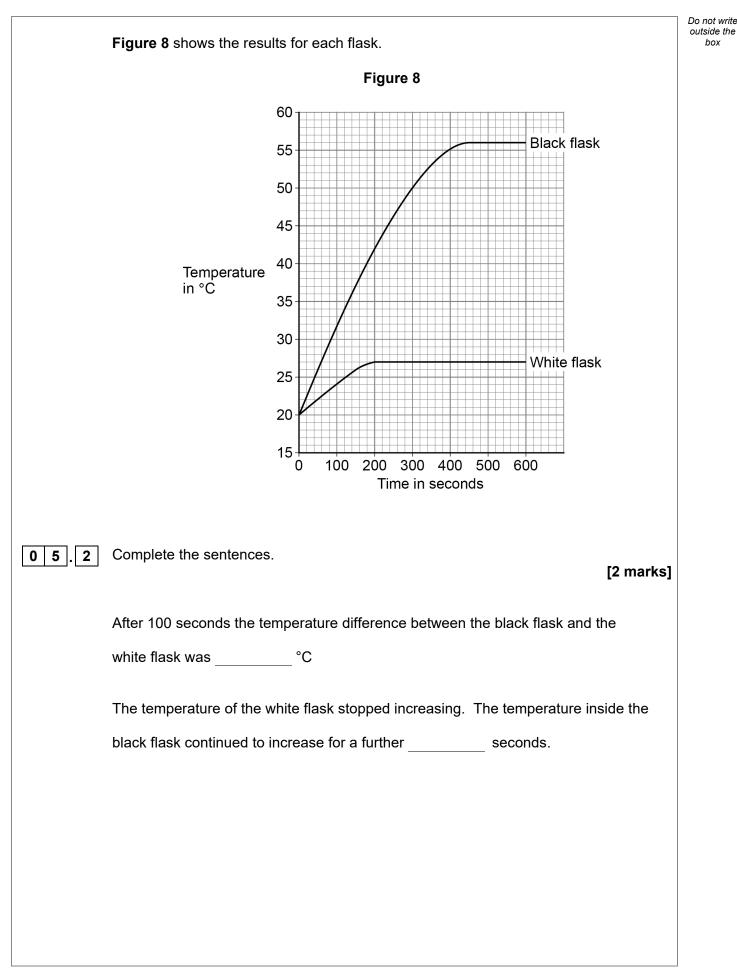








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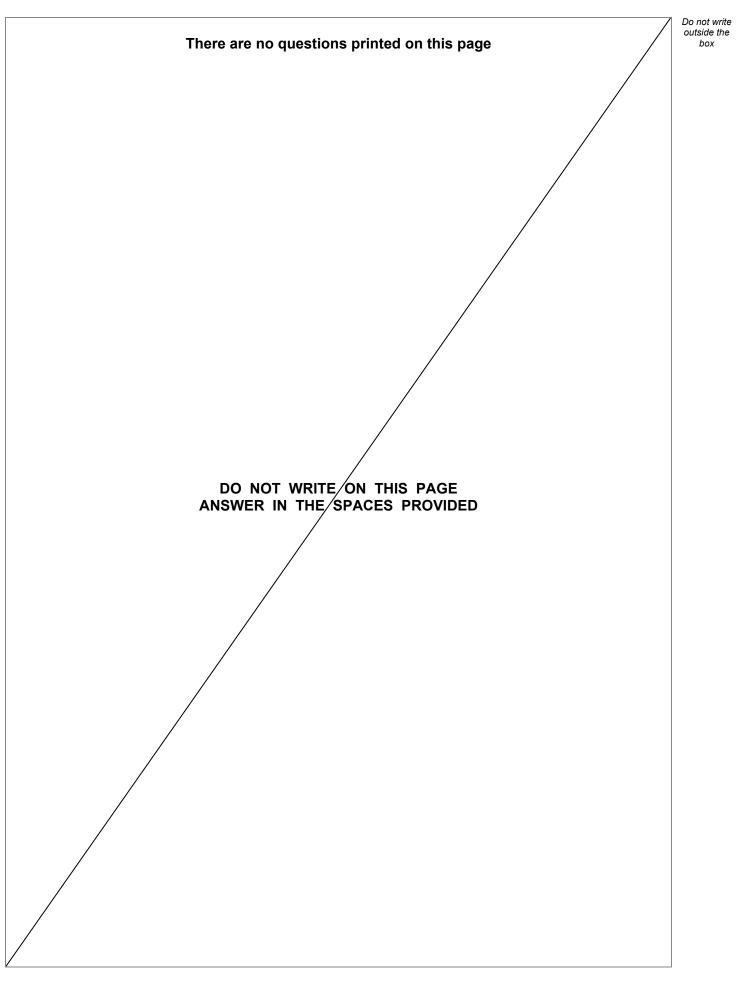




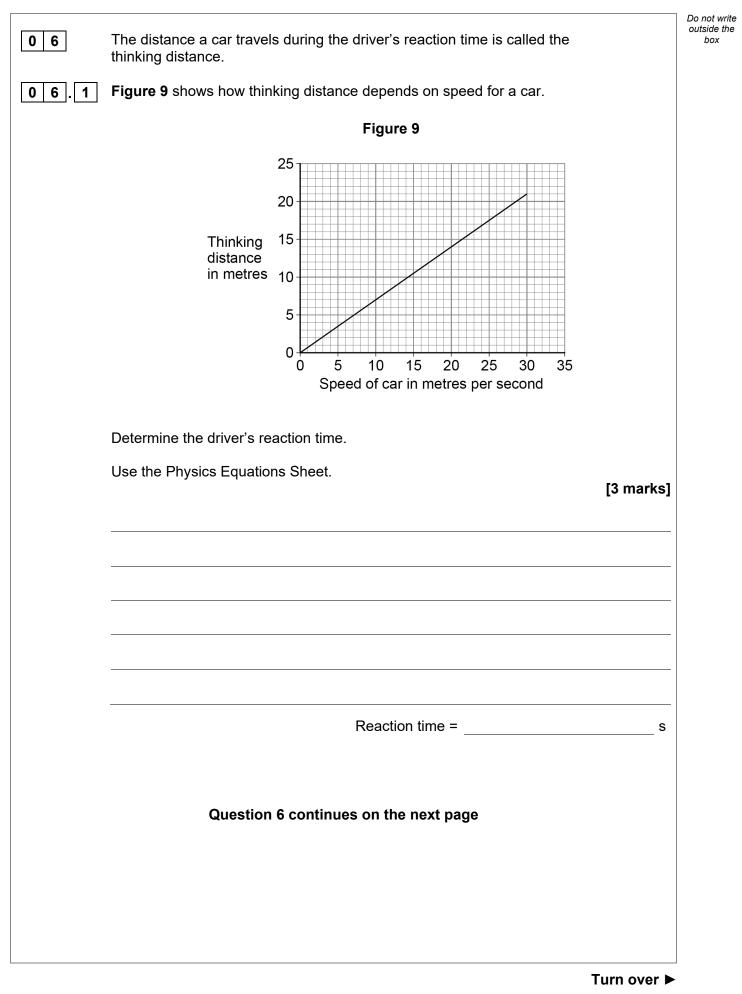
0 5.3	The initial rate of absorption of infrared radiation by the black flask was greater than the initial rate of absorption by the white flask.	Do not write outside the box
	How does Figure 8 show this? [1 mark]	
0 5.4	Explain why the temperature of the water in the flasks increased and then became constant. [4 marks]	
		11
	Turn over for the next question	
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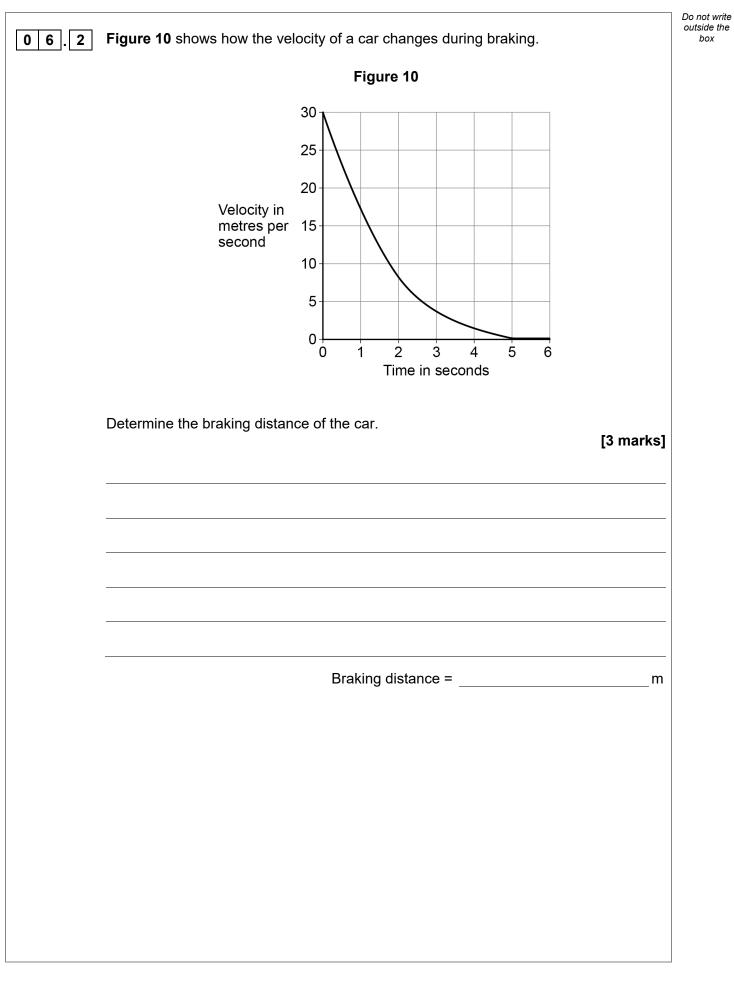
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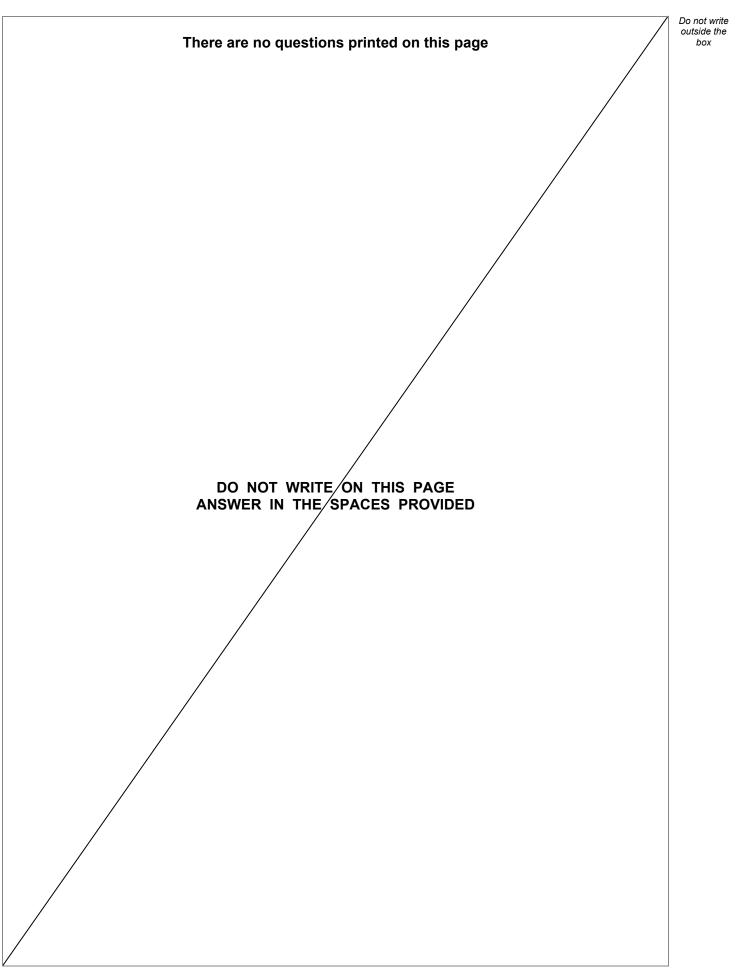




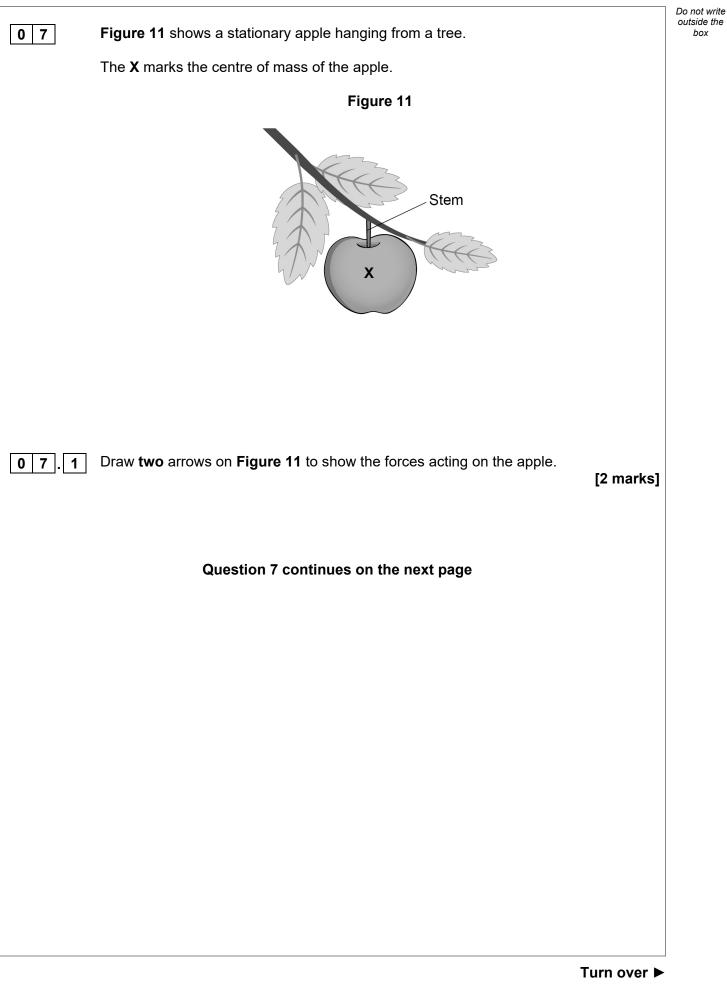


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	Turn over for the next question	
		9
	car was not constant. [3 marks]	
0 6 . 3	Explain how the gradient of the line on Figure 10 shows that the resultant force on the	Do not write outside the box









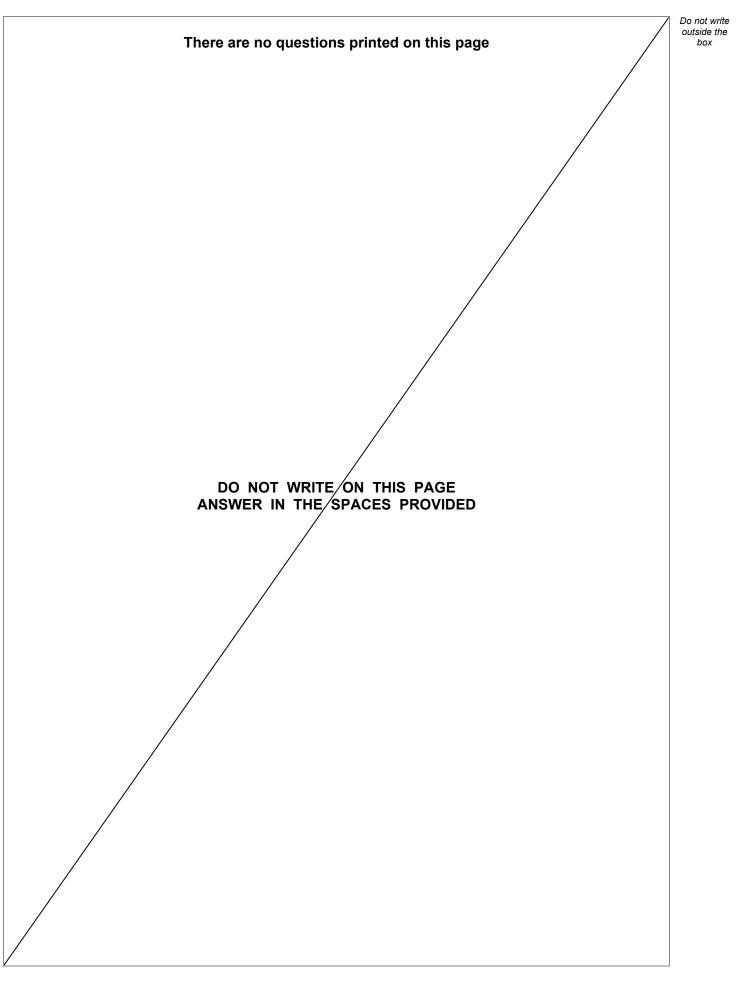


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0 7.2	It takes 0.50 s for the apple to fall to the ground.	outside the box
	The initial velocity of the apple is 0 m/s	
	acceleration due to gravity = 9.8 m/s^2	
	Calculate the distance fallen by the apple.	
	Use the Physics Equations Sheet.	
	[6 marks]	
	Distance =m	



0 7.3	In Question 07.2 it was assumed that the acceleration was a constant 9.8 m/s ²	outside the box
	Evaluate this assumption. [4 marks]	
		12
	END OF QUESTIONS	







Question number	Additional page, if required. Write the question numbers in the left-hand margin.



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Question number