

Please write clearly in	n block capitals.	
Centre number	Candidate number	
Surname		
Forename(s)		
Candidate signature	I declare this is my own work.	

GCSE COMBINED SCIENCE: TRILOGY

Higher Tier Physics Paper 2H

Time allowed: 1 hour 15 minutes

Materials

For this paper you must have:

- a protractor
- a ruler
- a scientific calculator
- the Physics Equations Sheet (enclosed).

Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen.
- Pencil should only be used for drawing.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer all questions in the spaces provided.
- If you need extra space for your answer(s), use the lined pages at the end of this book. Write the question number against your answer(s).
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.
- In all calculations, show clearly how you work out your answer.

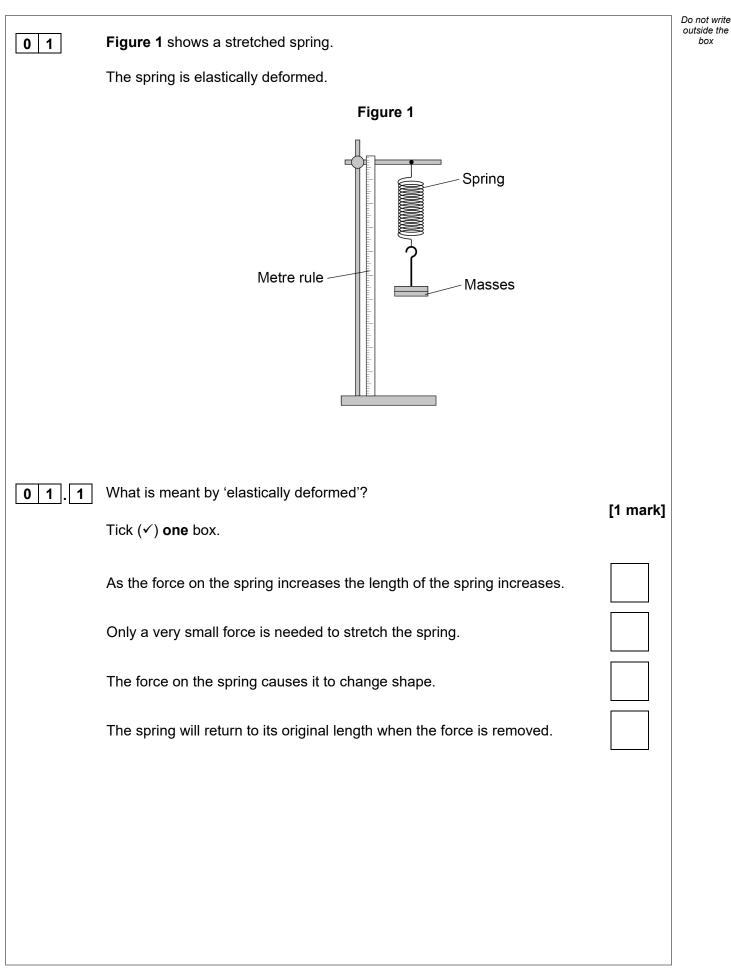
Information

- The maximum mark for this paper is 70.
- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- You are expected to use a calculator where appropriate.
- You are reminded of the need for good English and clear presentation in your answers.



For Examiner's Use		
Question	Mark	
1		
2		
3		
4		
5		
6		
TOTAL		







3

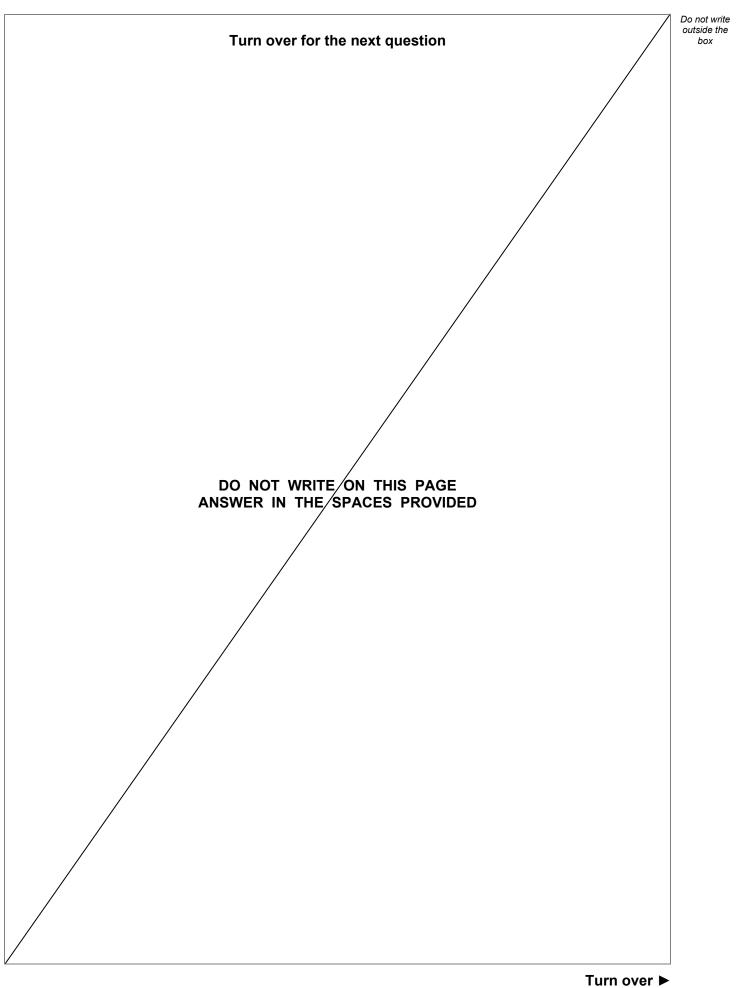
0 1.2	Describe a method to determine the extension of the spring.	[2 marks]	Do not write outside the box
0 1.3	The extension of the spring is 80 mm.		
	spring constant = 40 N/m		
	Calculate the elastic potential energy of the spring.		
	Use the Physics Equations Sheet.	[3 marks]	
	Elastic potential energy =	J	
	Question 1 continues on the next page		



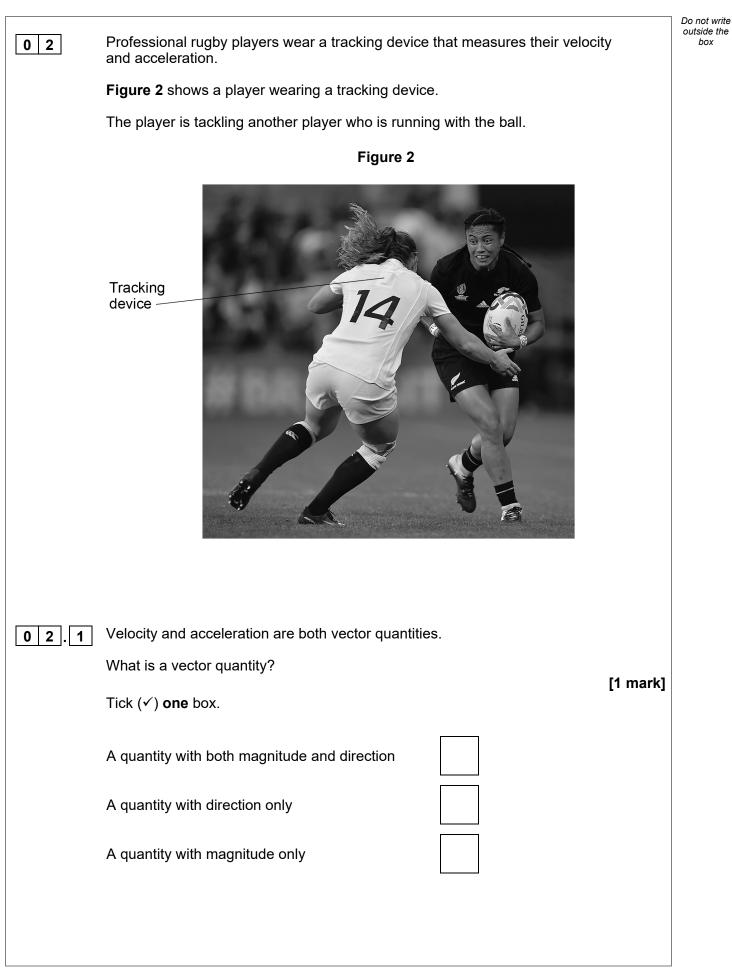
Turn over ►

01.4	Write down the equation which links extension (<i>e</i>), force (<i>F</i>) and spring constant (<i>k</i>). [1 mark]	Do not write outside the box
0 1.5	A force of 300 N acts on a different spring. The force causes the spring to extend by 0.40 m. Calculate the spring constant of the spring. [3 marks]	
	Spring constant = N/m	10

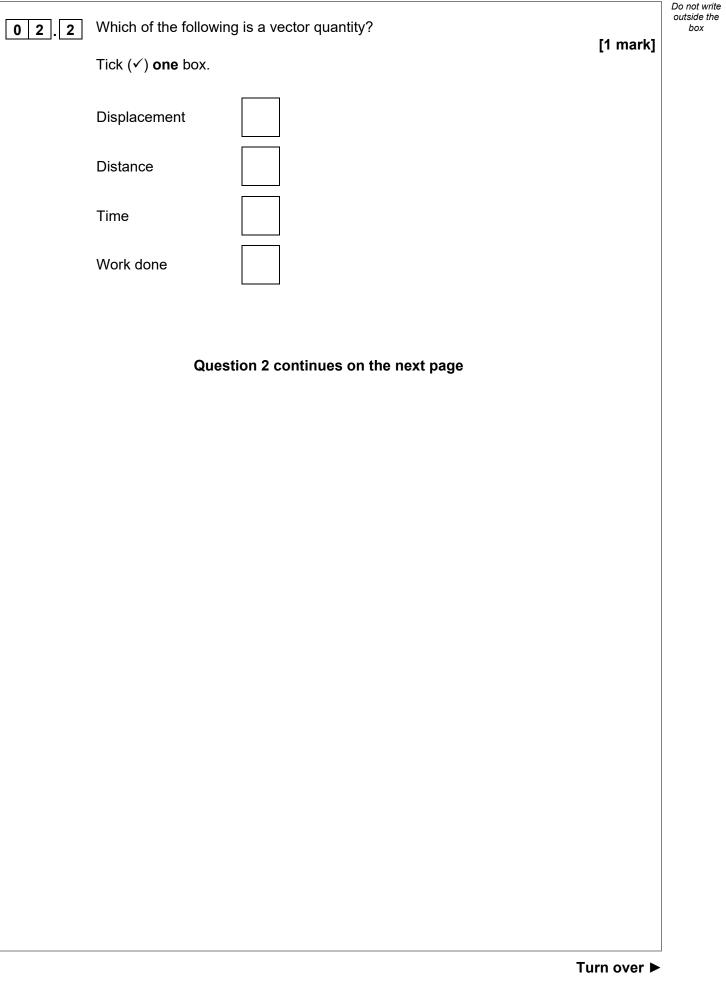




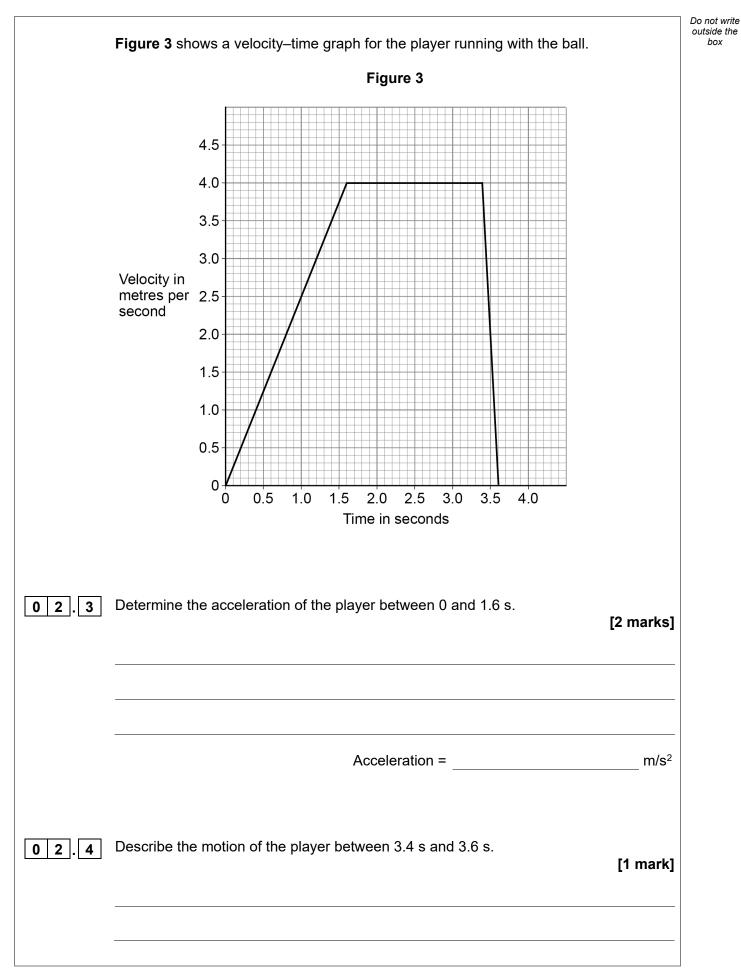














	The force exerted on the player when she is tackled causes her to accelerate.	Do not write outside the box
02.5	Write down the equation which links acceleration (<i>a</i>), mass (<i>m</i>) and resultant force (<i>F</i>). [1 mark]	
02.6	The player accelerates at 25 m/s ² when a resultant force of 1800 N acts on her. Calculate the mass of the player. [3 marks]	
	Mass =kg	
02.7	The tracking device sends data to a computer during the game. Suggest one advantage of the data being sent during the game. [1 mark]	
	Turn over for the next question	10



The student recorded values for the frequency and the wavelength of waves in the ripple tank.

Table 1 and Table 2 show the results.

Table 1

Reading	1	2	3
Frequency in hertz	9.8	9.4	9.3

Table 2

Reading	1	2	3
Wavelength in cm	1.7	2.2	2.1



box

0 3.2	Determine the mean wave speed. [4 marks]	Do not write outside the box
	Mean wave speed = m/s	
03.3	What is the advantage of taking repeat readings and then calculating a mean? [1 mark]	
03.4	The speed of the wave is affected by the depth of the water in the ripple tank.	
	The deeper the water the faster the wave.	
	Explain how the depth of the water affects the wavelength of the wave if the frequency is constant. [2 marks]	
		11



0 4	Figure 4 shows the magnetic field pattern around a permanent magnet.	Do not write outside the box
	Figure 4	
04.1	Where is the magnetic field of the magnet the strongest? [1 mark]	
04.2	How does Figure 4 show that the strength of the magnetic field is not the same at all places? [1 mark]	

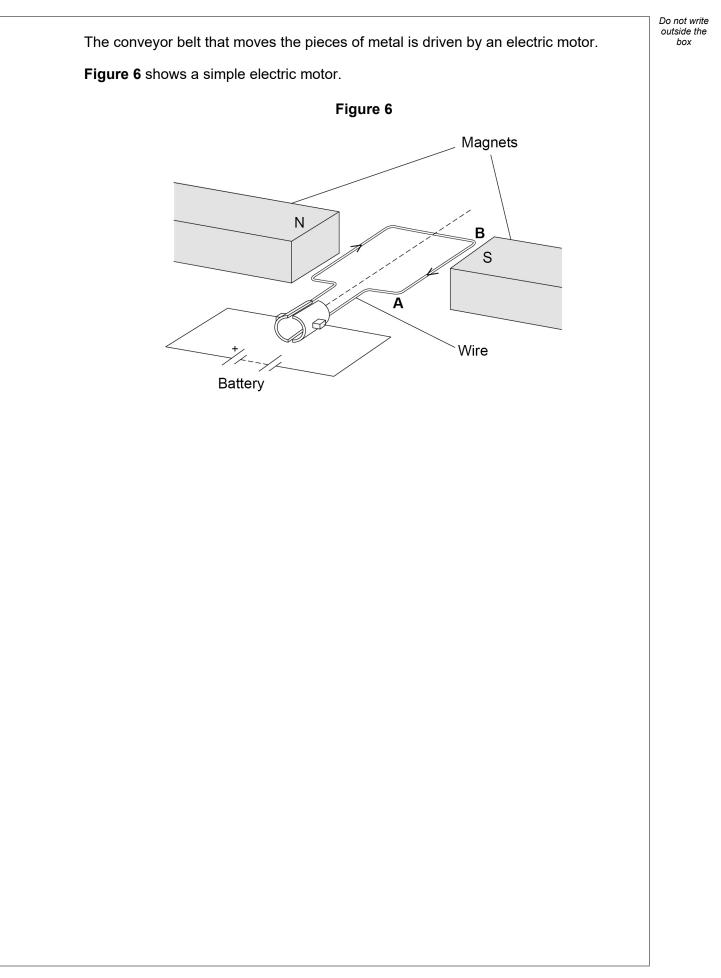


	Figure 5 shows an electromagnet being used to separate iron and steel from non-magnetic metals.	Do not writ outside the box
	Figure 5	
	Pieces of metal Conveyor belt	
04.3	Explain one reason why an electromagnet is used instead of a permanent magnet. [2 marks]	
04.4	Pieces of iron and steel are attracted to the electromagnet. Name two other metals that would be attracted to the electromagnet. [2 marks]	
	12	
0 4.5	The design of the electromagnet cannot be changed.	
	Give two ways the force exerted by the electromagnet on a piece of iron or steel could be increased.	
	[2 marks]	
	1	
	2	



IB/M/Jun21/8464/P/2H

Turn over ►

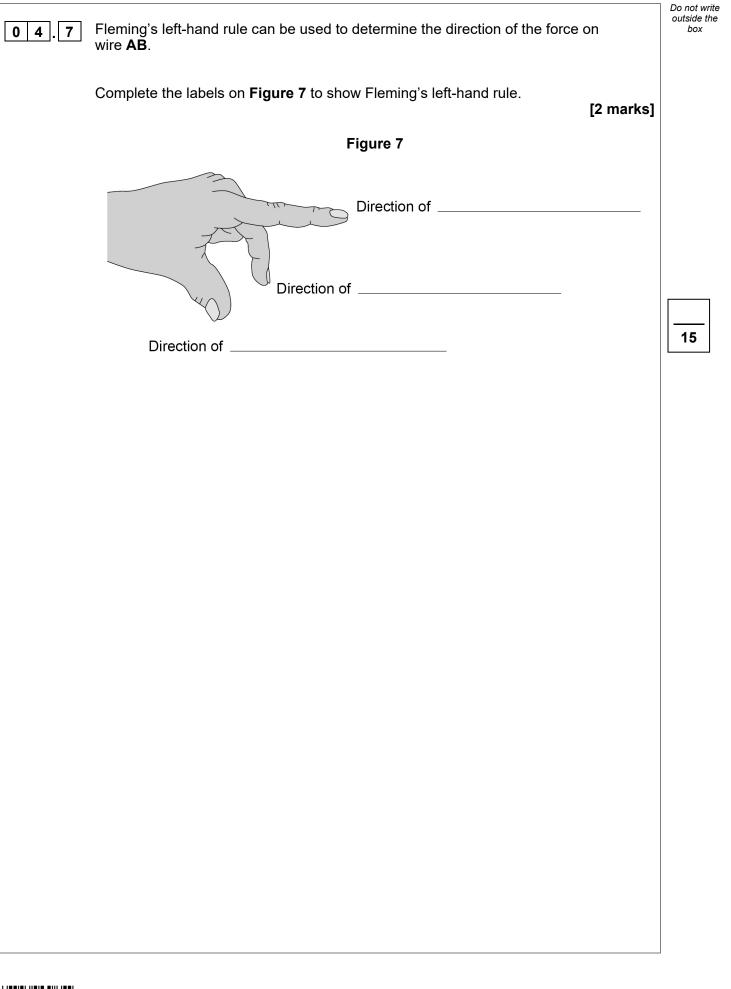


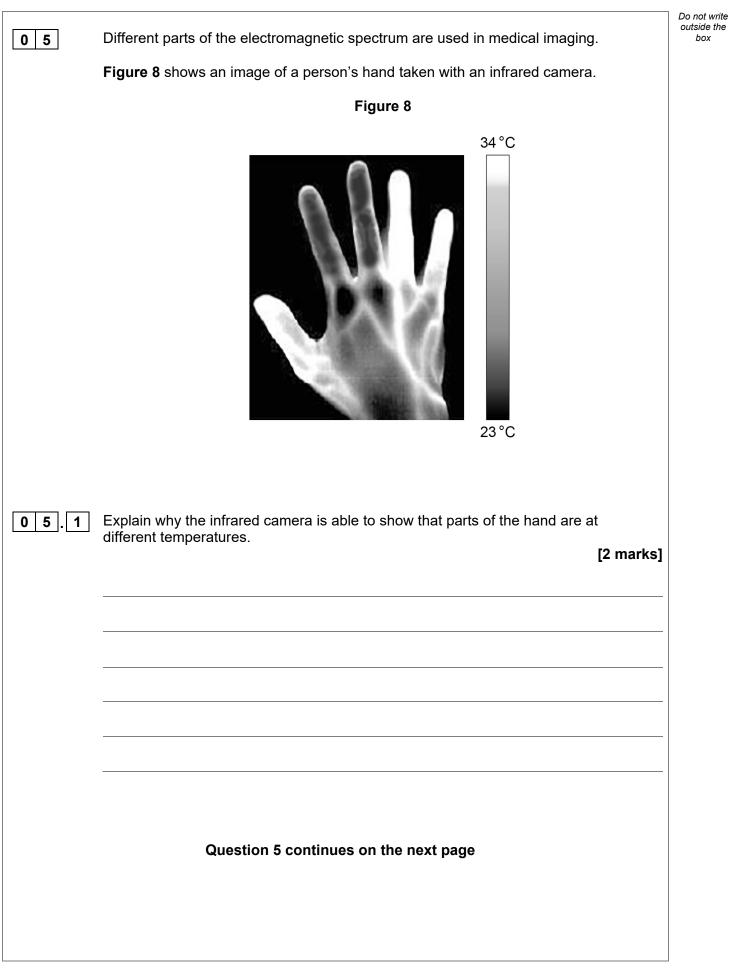


0 4 . 6	The length of the wire AB in the magnetic field is 120 mm.	Do not write outside the box
	There is a current of 4.0 A in the wire. The length of wire AB experiences a force of 0.36 N.	
	Calculate the magnetic flux density between the magnets.	
	Give the unit. [5 marks]	
	Magnetic flux density = Unit	
	Question 4 continues on the next page	
	Turn over ►	



lurn over







Turn over ►

0 5.2 Infr

Infrared has a range of wavelengths from 700 nm to 1 mm.

Which part of the electromagnetic spectrum would have waves with a wavelength of 6.5×10^{-7} m?

[1 mark]

Do not write outside the

box

Tick (✓)	one box.
----------	----------

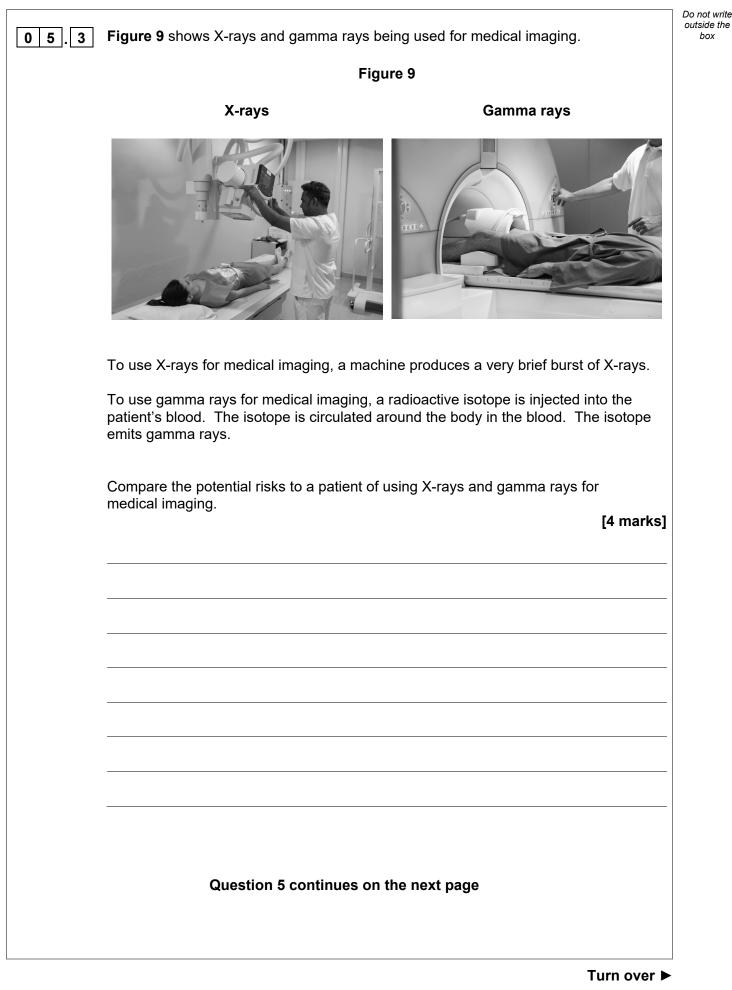
Infrared

Microwaves

Radio waves

Visible light







		Do not v
	X-rays are produced by colliding high-energy electrons into a metal target.	outside
	The electrons have high energy because they are accelerated to high speeds.	
	Only a small proportion of the kinetic energy of an electron is converted into an X-ray when it collides with the metal target.	
0 5.4	An electron is accelerated through a distance of 15 mm.	
	The work done on the electron is 1.2×10^{-13} J.	
	Calculate the force on the electron. [3 marks]	
	Force =N	
0 5.5	The metal target is made from tungsten.	
	Tungsten has the highest melting point of any metal.	
	Explain why using tungsten as the metal target enables the X-ray machine to be	
	more powerful. [3 marks]	
		13

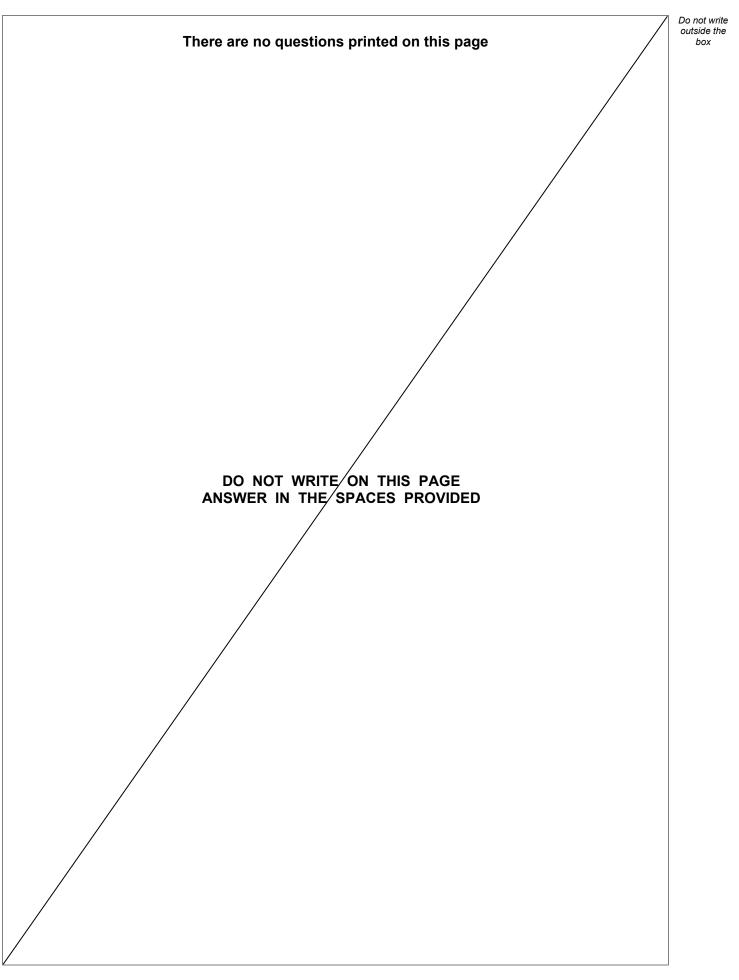


06	Scientists are developing a hypersonic aeroplane that will travel much faster than normal aeroplanes.	Do not wr outside th box
06.1	An aeroplane accelerates from a low speed to a high speed with the engines at maximum power.	
	Explain why the acceleration is not constant. [5 marks]	
	Question 6 continues on the next page	
	Turn over ▶	•



		Do not write
06.2	The hypersonic aeroplane will have jet engines and a rocket engine.	outside the box
	The speed of aeroplanes can be measured on a uniform scale called the Mach scale.	
	Mach 1 = 330 m/s	
	The jet engines will accelerate the aeroplane to Mach 5.5.	
	The rocket engine will accelerate the aeroplane from Mach 5.5 to Mach 25.5 in 300 s.	
	The average resultant force on the aeroplane when the rocket engine is used will be 630 000 N.	
	Calculate the mass of the hypersonic aeroplane.	
	Give your answer to 2 significant figures. [6 marks]	
	Mass (2 significant figures) =kg	11
	END OF QUESTIONS	







Question number	Additional page, if required. Write the question numbers in the left-hand margin.



Question number	Additional page, if required. Write the question numbers in the left-hand margin.

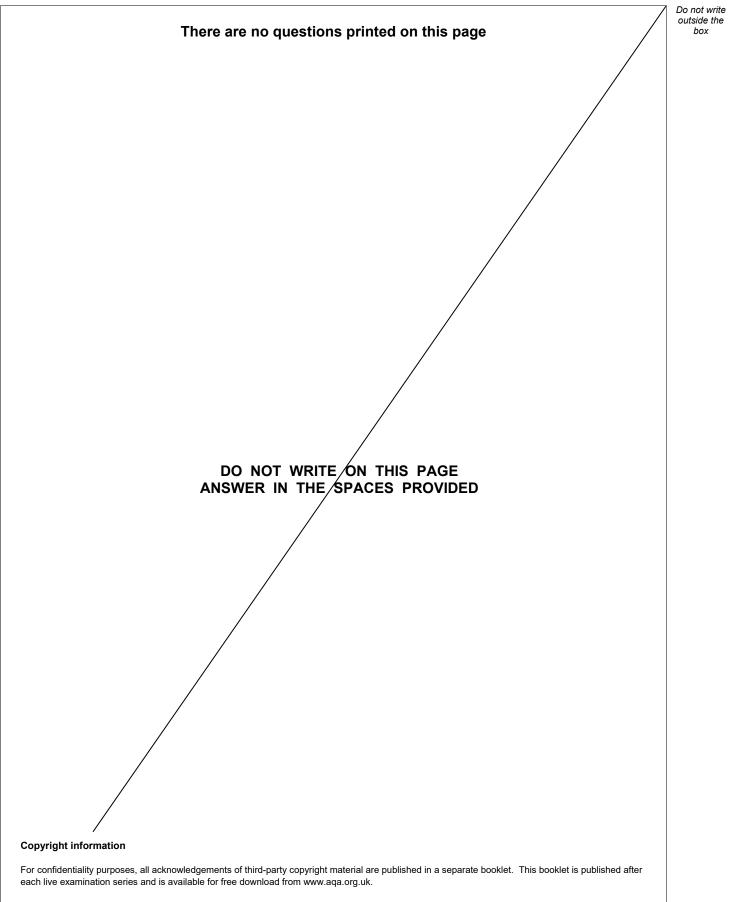


Question number	Additional page, if required. Write the question numbers in the left-hand margin.



Question number	Additional page, if required. Write the question numbers in the left-hand margin.





Permission to reproduce all copyright material has been applied for. In some cases, efforts to contact copyright-holders may have been unsuccessful and AQA will be happy to rectify any omissions of acknowledgements. If you have any queries please contact the Copyright Team.

Copyright © 2021 AQA and its licensors. All rights reserved.





IB/M/Jun21/8464/P/2H