Do not write outside the box

0 2 A student investigated how the area of a solar panel affected the output potential difference of the solar panel.

The student placed different sized solar panels under a lamp.

Figure 3 shows a solar panel under a lamp.

Figure 3

0 2 . 1 Which variable should be controlled?

[1 mark]

Tick (✓) **one** box.

The area of the solar panels ☐

The brightness of the lamp ☐

The output potential difference of the solar panels ☐

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0 2 . 2 The student measured the output potential difference using a voltmeter.

When the voltmeter was **not** connected, the reading on the voltmeter was 0.7 V

What name is given to this type of error?

[1 mark]

Tick (✓) **one** box.

Zero error ☐

Random error ☐

Measurement error ☐

Question 2 continues on the next page

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Table 1 shows the results of the investigation.

Table 1

Solar panel	Area of solar panel in cm^2	Output potential difference in volts			
		Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Mean
A	10	2.5	2.4	2.6	2.5
B	20	5.0	5.0	4.9	5.0
C	30	7.5	11.9	7.5	7.5
D	50	12.4	12.6	12.5	12.5

0 2 . 3 The readings for which solar panel show an anomalous result?

[1 mark]

Tick (✓) **one** box.

A ☐ **B** ☐ **C** ☐ **D** ☐

0 2 . 4 The student did **not** have a solar panel with an area of 40 cm^2

Determine the most likely value for the mean output potential difference of a 40 cm^2 solar cell.

[1 mark]

_____

_____

Mean output potential difference = _____ V

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0 2 . 5 The total input energy transfer to one of the solar panels was 8.0 joules.

The useful output energy transfer was 0.96 joules.

Calculate the efficiency of the solar panel.

Use the equation:

$$\text{efficiency} = \frac{\text{useful output energy transfer}}{\text{total input energy transfer}}$$

[2 marks]

Efficiency = _____

0 2 . 6 Solar power is a renewable energy resource.

Complete the sentence.

Choose the answer from the box.

[1 mark]

burned	**replenished**	**consumed**

A renewable energy resource is one that is _____ as it is used.

Question 2 continues on the next page

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0 2 . 7 Some homes have solar panels which generate electricity.

On a sunny day the potential difference across a solar panel is 31 volts.

A charge of 490 coulombs flows through the solar panel.

Calculate the energy transferred by the solar panel.

Use the equation:

energy transferred = charge flow × potential difference

Give your answer to 2 significant figures.

[3 marks]

_____

_____

_____

_____

Energy transferred = _____ J

0 2 . 8 Why do solar panels on homes help reduce the environmental impact of using electrical devices?

[1 mark]

Tick (✓) **one** box.

Less electricity is used in the home. ☐

Less fossil fuel is burned. ☐

The electricity from the solar panels is cheaper. ☐

11

Question	Answers	Extra information	Mark	AO / Spec. Ref.	ID
02.1	the brightness of the lamp		1	AO3/3a 6.1.3c WS 2.2	A
02.2	zero error		1	AO3/3b 6.1.3c WS 3.7	A
02.3	C		1	AO3/1b 6.1.3c WS 3.7	A
02.4	10.0	allow 10	1	AO3/1a 6.1.3c WS 3.5	G
02.5	$\frac{0.96}{8.0}$ = 0.12	an answer of 0.12 or 12% scores **2** marks allow 12%	1 1	AO2.1 6.1.2.2	E
02.6	replenished		1	AO1.1 in isolation 6.1.3b	G
02.7	E = 490 × 31 E = 15 190 E = 15 000 (J)	an answer of 15 000 (J) scores **3** marks allow 15 200 if correct substitution is seen allow an answer to 2 s.f. consistent with their calculated value of E using E=QV	1 1 1	AO2.1 6.2.4.2	E

02.8	less fossil fuel is burned		1	AO3.2a 6.1.3e	A
Total			**11**		