Do not write outside the box

0 2	This question is about salts.			
	Ammonium nitrate solution is produced when ammonia gas reacts with nitric acid.			
0 2.1	Give the state symbol for ammonium nitrate solution.			
		[1 mark]		
0 2.2	What is the formula of nitric acid?	[4 mouls]		
	Tick (✓) one box.	[1 mark]		
	HCl			
	HNO <sub>3</sub>			
	H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>			
	NH <sub>4</sub> OH			
0 2 . 3	Ammonia gas dissolves in water to produce ammonia solution.			
	Ammonia solution contains hydroxide ions, OH <sup>-</sup>			
	A student adds universal indicator to solutions of nitric acid and ammonia.  What colour is observed in each solution?			
	Colour in nitric acid			
	Colour in ammonia solution			



0 2 . 4	The student gradually added nitric acid to ammonia solution.					
	Which row, <b>A</b> , <b>B</b> , <b>C</b> or <b>D</b> , shows the change in pH as the nitric acid is added until in excess?					
	[1 mark] Tick (✓) one box.					
		pH of ammonia solution at start	pH after addition of excess nitric acid			
	A	10	7			
	В	2	10			
	С	7	1			
	D	10	2			
0 2 . 5	Calculate the percentage by mass of oxygen in ammonium nitrate (NH <sub>4</sub> NO <sub>3</sub> ).  Relative atomic masses ( $A_r$ ): H = 1 N = 14 O = 16  Relative formula mass ( $M_r$ ): NH <sub>4</sub> NO <sub>3</sub> = 80  [3 marks]					
	Percentage by mass of oxygen =%  Question 2 continues on the next page					
The same of the page						



0 2 . 6	Describe a method to investigate how the temperature changes when different masses of ammonium nitrate are dissolved in water.	
	different masses of ammonium nitrate are dissolved in water.	
	You do <b>not</b> need to write about safety precautions.	
	Tod do not need to write about barety procedutions.	[6 marks]



Question	Answers	Extra information	Mark	AO / Spec. Ref.
02.1	(aq)	allow aq ignore aqueous ignore formulae	1	AO1 5.2.2.2
02.2	HNO <sub>3</sub>		1	AO1 5.1.1.1 5.4.2.2
02.3	red purple or blue	allow orange or yellow do <b>not</b> accept green allow shades of purple eg violet	1	AO1 5.4.2.4
02.4	D		1	AO3 5.4.2.4
02.5	3 × 16 <b>or</b> 48 $\frac{48}{80}$ (×100)  60 (%)	an answer of 60 (%) scores 3 marks  an answer of 20 (%) scores 2 marks for:  \[ \frac{16}{80} \text{ (x 100) (1)} \] = 20 (%) (1)	1 1	AO2 5.3.1.2

Question	Answers	Mark	AO/ Spec. Ref
02.6	Level 3: The design/plan would lead to the production of a valid outcome. All key steps are identified and logically sequenced.	5–6	AO3 AO2
	<b>Level 2:</b> The design/plan would not necessarily lead to a valid outcome. Most steps are identified, but the plan is not fully logically sequenced.	3–4	5.5.1.1
	<b>Level 1:</b> The design/plan would not lead to a valid outcome. Some relevant steps are identified, but links are not made clear.	1–2	
	No relevant content	0	
	Indicative content		
	Steps		
	<ul> <li>use a suitable container eg test tube</li> <li>use insulation</li> <li>add water</li> <li>measure the initial water temperature (with a thermometer)</li> <li>add stated mass eg 1g or 1 spatula</li> <li>stir (to dissolve the solid)</li> <li>measure the final (allow lowest or highest) temperature of the solution</li> <li>calculate the temperature difference or determine graphically</li> <li>repeat with different masses</li> <li>repeat with the same volume of water</li> <li>to access level 3 there must be an indication of how the temperature change is determined using different masses dissolved in the same quantity of water</li> </ul>		

Total		14
Total		14