02 A student wanted to determine the density of the irregular shaped object shown in Figure 3

Figure 3


| $\mathbf{0}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ Plan an experiment that would allow the student to determine the density |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | of the object.

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| $\mathbf{0}$ | $\mathbf{2} .2$ | $\mathbf{2}$ Another student did a similar experiment. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

He determined the density of five common plastic materials.
Table 1 shows the results.
Table 1

| Plastic material | Density in $\mathbf{~ k g} / \mathbf{m}^{3}$ |
| :--- | :---: |
| Acrylic | 1200 |
| Nylon | 1000 |
| Polyester | 1380 |
| Polystyrene | 1040 |
| PVC | 1100 |

Figure 4 shows the results plotted in a bar chart.
Figure 4


## Complete Figure 4

You should:

- Write the correct scale on the y-axis.
- Draw the bars for polyester, polystyrene and PVC.

| $\mathbf{0}$ | $\mathbf{2} .3$ | $\mathbf{3}$ The student is given a piece of a different plastic material. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

The student determined the density of the material three times.
Table 2 shows the results.

## Table 2

|  | Density in $\mathbf{~ k g} / \mathbf{m}^{3}$ |
| :--- | :---: |
| 1 | 960 |
| 2 | 1120 |
| 3 | 1040 |

Determine the uncertainty in the student's results.
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$\qquad$
Uncertainty = $\qquad$ $\mathrm{kg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$

| Question | Answers | Mark | AO I <br> Spec. Ref. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 02.1 | Level 3: The method would lead to the production of a valid outcome. All key steps are identified and logically sequenced. | 5-6 | $\begin{gathered} \text { AO1 } \\ \text { 6.3.1.1 } \end{gathered}$ |
|  | Level 2: The method would not necessarily lead to a valid outcome. Most steps are identified, but the method is not fully logically sequenced. | 3-4 |  |
|  | Level 1: The method would not lead to a valid outcome. Some relevant steps are identified, but links are not made clear. | 1-2 |  |
|  | No relevant content | 0 |  |
|  | Indicative content <br> - measure mass <br> - use a top pan balance or scales <br> - part fill a measuring cylinder with water <br> - measure initial volume <br> - place object in water <br> - measure final volume <br> - volume of object $=$ final volume - initial volume <br> - fill a displacement / eureka can with water <br> - water level with spout <br> - place object in water <br> - collect displaced water <br> - measuring cylinder used to determine volume of displaced water <br> - use of: $\text { density }=\frac{\text { mass }}{\text { volume }}$ |  |  |


| Question | Answers | Extra information | Mark | AO I <br> Spec. Ref. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 02.2 | all $y$-axis values correct (minimum of 3 ) | allow 1 mark for two correct values | 2 | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{AO} 2 \\ \text { 6.3.1.1 } \end{gathered}$ |
|  | all bars drawn to the correct height | allow 1 mark for two correct bars allow $\pm 1 / 2$ small square | 2 |  |


| $\mathbf{0 2 . 3}$ |  | an answer of 80 scores 2 marks <br> ignore + and / or - signs | 1 | AO3 <br> 6.3 .1 .1 |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | $=80\left(\mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}\right)$ |  |  |  |
| Total |  | an answer of 160 scores 1 mark | 1 |  |

