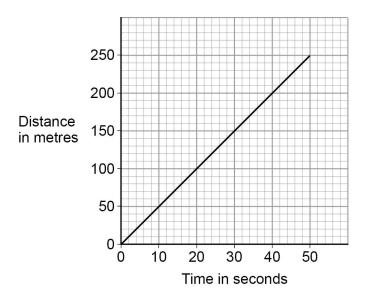
0 4

Figure 5 shows a distance-time graph for 50 seconds of a bicycle ride.

Figure 5



The gradient of the distance-time graph gives the speed of the bicycle.

Determine the speed of the bicycle.

[2 marks]

Speed =

1	1 2	

m/s

0 4 . 2	Which force acting on the moving bicycle is a non-contact force? [1 mar				
	Tick (✓) one box.	[· ················			
	Air resistance				
	Friction				
	Gravitational force				
	Normal contact force				
0 4 . 3	The bicycle travels a distance of 250 m				
	The bicycle exerts a constant horizontal force of 30 N on the ground.				
	Calculate the work done.				
	Use the equation:				
	work done = force × distance				
	WOLK GOLG - 10100 A GISTALIOC				
	Choose the unit from the box.	[3 marks]			
	J kg m				
	Work done = Unit				





9

		14					
0 4.4	The bicycle travels at a constant speed.						
	Complete the sentences.						
	Choose answers from the box.		[3 marks]				
	chemical	frictional	kinetic				
	magnetic		tension				
	As the bicycle moves, work is done against		forces.				
	There is no change in the cycl	ist's	store of energy.				
	There is a decrease in the cyclist's		store of energy.				



Question	Answers	Extra information	Mark	AO / Spec. Ref.
04.1	gradient = $\frac{250 - 0}{50 - 0}$	allow any correct pair of values substituted	1	AO2 6.5.4.1.4
	speed = 5.0 m/s	allow 5 (m/)	1	
		allow the use of s = v t		
04.2	gravitational force		1	AO1 6.5.1.2
04.3	W = 30 × 250		1	AO2
	W = 7500		1	AO2
	J		1	AO1
				6.5.2
04.4	frictional		1	AO1
	kinetic		1	6.5.2
	chemical		1	
Total			9	