





0 5 . 3	The ears send information about sound to the brain.					
	Which word describes the brain?	[4 mark]				
	Tick (✓) one box.	[1 mark]				
	Coordinator					
	Effector					
	Receptor					
	Stimulus					
0 5.4	What type of cell carries impulses from the ears to the brain?	[1 mark]				
0 5 . 5	Human eyes detect light. Which part of the eye has cells that detect light? Tick (✓) one box.	[1 mark]				
	Iris Lens					
	Retina					



Do not write outside the box

0 5.6	The eyes of some birds have specialised cells to detect ultraviolet (UV) light.	
	Some fruits reflect UV light.	
	Explain why it is an advantage for birds to be able to detect UV light.	2 marks]
	Question 5 continues on the next page	



Figure 7 shows a student reading a book.





There are trees on the far side of the field.

The student looks at the trees instead of looking at the book.

[1 mark]



Do not write outside the box

0 5.8	What change happens in the student's eyes when they look up at the trees? [1 mar Tick (✓) one box. Light rays are refracted less More light is reflected The optic nerves move	'k]
0 5.9	The student cannot see the trees in focus. Name the common defect of the eye which causes distant objects to appear out of focus. [1 mar	·k]
	Turn over for the next question	



Turn over ▶

Question	Answers	Extra information	Mark	AO / Spec. Ref.
05.1	(A) cerebellum		1	AO1 4.5.2.2
	(B) pituitary gland		1	AO1 4.5.3.1
	(C) cerebral cortex		1	AO1 4.5.2.2
05.2	cerebellum		1	AO1 4.5.2.2
05.3	coordinator		1	AO1 4.5.1 4.5.2.1
05.4	neurone	allow nerve (cell) ignore names of neurone	1	AO1 4.5.2.1
05.5	retina		1	AO1 4.5.2.3
05.6	can see fruit / food	allow can find fruit / food	1	AO2 4.5.2.3
	(so) get more food		1	4.7.1.4
05.7	accommodation		1	AO1 4.5.2.3
05.8	light rays are refracted less		1	AO1 4.5.2.3
05.9	any one from: • myopia • short-sightedness	allow near-sightedness	1	AO1 4.5.2.3
Total			12	