Do not write outside the box

0 6 Acids react with some metals to produce soluble salts.

A student adds magnesium to hydrochloric acid until no more acid reacts and excess magnesium remains.

The equation for the reaction is:

$$Mg(s) + 2\,HCl(aq) \rightarrow MgCl_2(aq) + H_2(g)$$

0 6 . 1 Describe how solid magnesium chloride is obtained from the reaction mixture.

[2 marks]

0 6 . 2 The reaction between magnesium and hydrochloric acid is a redox reaction.

Explain what happens to the magnesium atoms in this reaction.

[2 marks]

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0 6 . 3 0.72 g of magnesium is added to 100 cm^3 of hydrochloric acid.

The hydrochloric acid is in excess.

Calculate the concentration of the magnesium chloride ($MgCl_2$) solution produced in g/dm^3.

Relative atomic mass (A_r): Mg = 24

Relative formula mass (M_r): $MgCl_2$ = 95

[6 marks]

Concentration = _____ g/dm^3

10

Turn over for the next question

Question 6

Question	Answers	Extra information	Mark	AO / Spec. Ref.
06.1	filter (to remove excess magnesium) (then) crystallisation (of magnesium chloride solution)	 allow (then) evaporation (of water from magnesium chloride solution)	1 1	AO1 5.1.1.2 5.4.2.1 5.4.2.3 RPA8

Question	Answers	Extra information	Mark	AO / Spec. Ref.
06.2	(magnesium atoms are) oxidised (because the atoms) lose (two) electrons		1 1	AO2 5.4.1.4 5.4.2.1 5.4.2.3 RPA8

Question	Answers	Extra information	Mark	AO / Spec. Ref.
06.3	(moles Mg =) $\frac{0.72}{24}$		1	AO2 5.3.1.1 5.3.2.2 5.4.2.1 5.4.2.3 RPA8
	= 0.03		1	
	(moles Mg = moles $MgCl_2$) (so mass $MgCl_2$ =) 0.03 × 95	allow a correct calculation using an incorrectly calculated value of moles of magnesium allow a correct calculation using an incorrectly calculated value of moles of magnesium chloride	1	
	= 2.85 (g)		1	
	(100.0 cm^3 = 0.100 dm^3 concentration = $\frac{\text{mass}}{\text{volume}}$)			
	= $\frac{2.85}{0.100}$	allow correct use of incorrectly calculated mass of magnesium chloride	1	
	= 28.5 (g/dm^3)		1	

Total Question 6	**10**