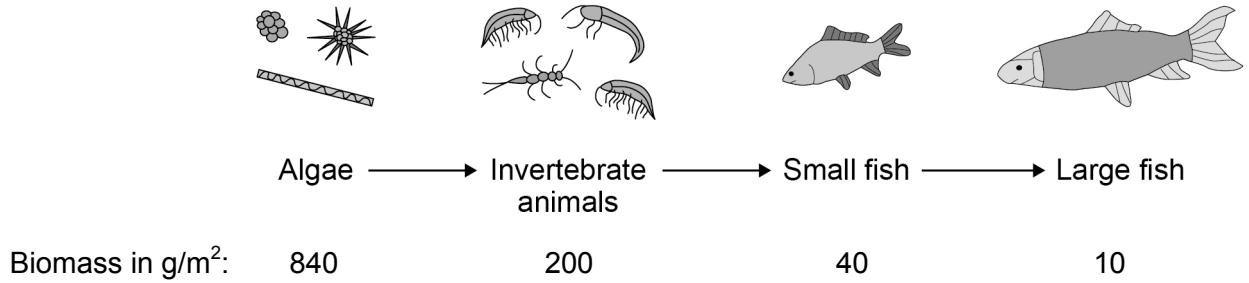


0 7

Figure 8 shows:

- a food chain for organisms in a river
- the biomass of the organisms at each trophic level.

Figure 8



0 7 . 1

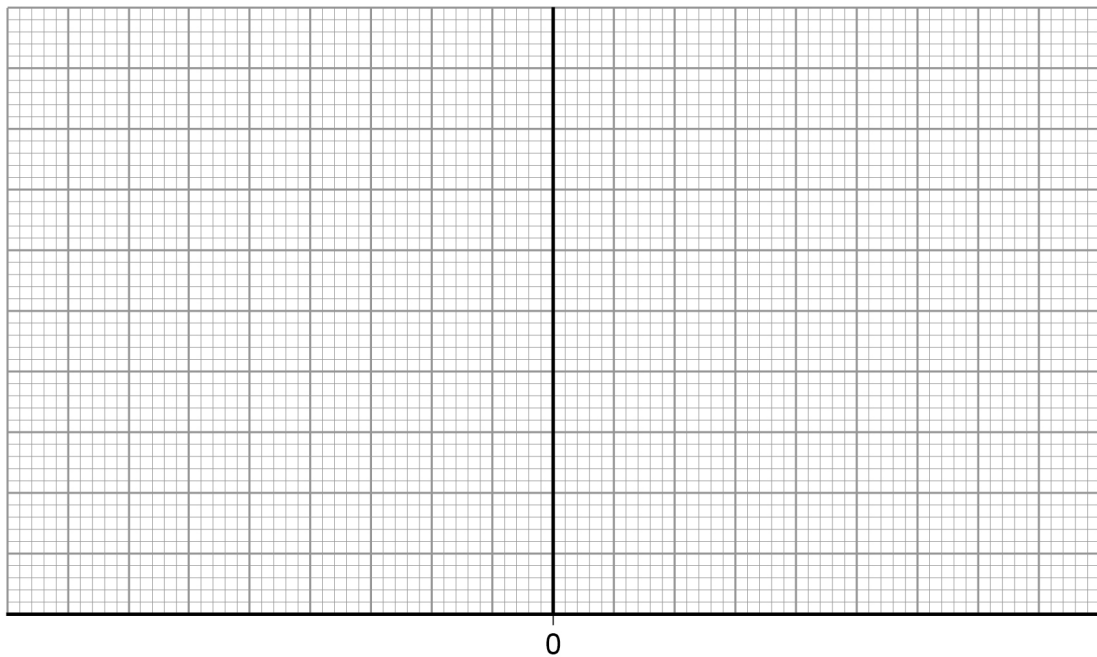
Draw a pyramid of biomass for the food chain in **Figure 8** on **Figure 9**.

You should:

- use a suitable scale
- label the x-axis
- label each trophic level.

[4 marks]

Figure 9



07.2

Calculate the percentage of the biomass lost between the algae and the large fish.

Give your answer to 2 significant figures.

[3 marks]

Percentage loss = _____

07.3

Give **one** way that biomass is lost between trophic levels.**[1 mark]**

Question 7 continues on the next page**Turn over ►**

Question	Answers	Extra information	Mark	AO / Spec. Ref.
07.1	x-axis: scale + labelled, including units	scale $\geq \frac{1}{2}$ width of graph paper label: biomass in g/m^2	1	AO2 4.7.4.1 4.7.4.2
	bar widths correct	$\pm \frac{1}{2}$ -square each side allow 1 mark if 3 correct	2	
	all 4 bars correctly labelled	large fish + small fish + invertebrate (animals) + algae or (trophic level) 4 + 3 + 2 + 1 or tertiary consumer + secondary consumer + primary consumer + producer ignore bar heights	1	
07.2	$\frac{840 - 10}{840} \times 100$	an answer of 99 scores 3 marks allow equivalent calculation	1	AO2 4.7.4.3
	98.809523... / 98.810 / 98.81 / 98.8		1	
	99	allow answer given to two significant figures from an incorrect calculation in step 2	1	
07.3	inedible parts / example or egested / faeces or respiration / as CO_2	allow eaten by other animals or not all organisms eaten allow not digested allow excretion / urine ignore waste ignore energy losses ignore movement	1	AO1 4.7.4.3

Question	Answers	Extra information	Mark	AO / Spec. Ref.
07.4	bacteria decay organic matter / sewage / algae / dead plants	ignore causes of death for algae and plants	1	AO1 4.7.2.3
	(by) digestion	allow example such as starch broken down to sugar or protein broken down to amino acids	1	AO1 4.2.2.1 4.7.4.1
	(and) bacteria respire aerobically or respire using oxygen		1	AO1 4.4.2.1
	(which) lowers oxygen concentration (in water) or fish have less oxygen	allow reduced respiration of fish	1	AO2 4.4.2.1
	(so) reduced energy supply causes death of fish	allow toxins in the sewage kill fish ignore pathogens or (pathogenic) bacteria cause disease in fish and kills them	1	AO2 4.4.2.1
Total			13	