



## The mass holder should **not** hit the ground before the card passes through the box

Suggest **one** way that the student could stop this happening.

[1 mark]

Question 7 continues on the next page



0 7 . 2

second light gate.

Turn over ►

The student increased the resultant force acting on the glider by adding more masses to the mass holder.

She calculated the acceleration of the glider for each resultant force.

Each test was done three times.

Table 2 shows the results.

Tab	le 2
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Desultant fores in N	Acceleration in m/s <sup>2</sup>				
Resultant force in N	Test 1			Mean acceleration in m/s <sup>2</sup>	
0.20	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.26667	
0.39	2.6	2.5	2.6	2.6	
0.59	3.8	3.8	3.9	3.8	
0.78	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	
0.98	6.4	7.2	6.4	6.7	
<ul> <li>7.3 The student made two mistakes in the mean acceleration column.</li> <li>Identify the mistakes the student made.</li> <li>Suggest how each mistake can be corrected.</li> </ul>					
[4 mar					

\_\_\_\_\_

Correction

Mistake

Correction



Do not write outside the

box

0 7.4	Write a conclusion for this investigation.	Do not write outside the box
	Use the data in Table 2 [1 mark]	
	Question 7 continues on the next page	
	Turn over ►	



## 0 7 . 5

The student used a constant resultant force to accelerate the glider.

The student changed the mass of the glider and calculated the new acceleration.

She repeated this for different masses of the glider, keeping the resultant force constant.

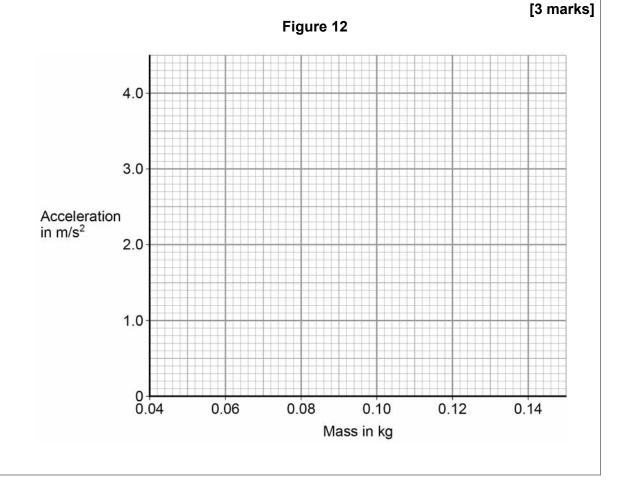
The results are shown in Table 3

Table	3
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Mass of the glider in kg Acceleration in n	
0.060	3.5
0.080	2.6
0.10	2.0
0.12	1.7
0.14	1.4

Plot the results on Figure 12

Draw a line of best fit.





0 7.6	Describe the relationship between mass and acceleration.	mark]	Do not write outside the box
			12
	Turn over for the next question		
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Question	Answers	Extra information	Mark	AO / Spec Ref.
07.1	its acceleration would decrease to zero		1	AO3 6.5.4.2.2
	the resultant force on it would decrease to zero		1	
07.2	<ul> <li>any one from:</li> <li>move the second light gate closer to the first</li> </ul>		1	AO3 6.5.4.2.2
	<ul> <li>shorten the string length</li> </ul>	allow use a taller table		
07.3		each mistake and its correction may be given in any order		AO3 6.5.4.2.2
	1.26667 (m/s²) (is wrong)	allow (mean value calculated at) 0.20 (N)	1	
	give value to 2 significant figures	allow give value to 1 decimal place allow 1.3 (m/s <sup>2</sup> )	1	
	6.7 (m/s <sup>2</sup> ) (is wrong)	allow (mean value calculated at) 0.98 (N) allow test 2 for 0.98 (N) or 7.2 is an anomaly	1	
	discard the anomalous result and recalculate the mean	allow repeat the anomalous test result and re-calculate the mean allow 6.4 (m/s <sup>2</sup> )	1	
07.4	(resultant) force is directly proportional to acceleration	allow the larger the (resultant) force, the greater the acceleration	1	AO3 6.5.4.2.2
		allow positive correlation between (resultant) force and acceleration		
		allow mass / weight (of the holder) for (resultant) force		

Question	Answers	Extra information	Mark	AO / Spec Ref.
07.5	all points correctly plotted within <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> small square	allow <b>1</b> mark for 3 or 4 points correctly plotted	2	AO2 6.5.4.2.2
	curved line of best fit		1	
07.6	inversely proportional	allow as mass increases, acceleration decreases	1	AO3 6.5.4.2.2
Total			12	]